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# व्यापार प्रारंभ करने का प्रमाण-पत्र

कम्पनी अधिनियम,1956 की धारा 149(3) के अनुसरण में

कार्पोरेट पहचान संख्या : U60221RJ2010SGC030630

में एतदद्वारा सत्यापित करता हूँ कि मैसर्स

# JAIPUR METRO RAIL CORPORATION LIMITED

जिसका निगमन, कम्पनी अधिनियम, 1956 (1956 का 1) के अंतर्गत दिनांक एक जनवरी दो हजार दस को किया गया था और जिसने निर्धारित प्रपत्र में घोषणा प्रस्तुत की है या विधियत सत्यापित किया है कि उक्त कम्पनी ने, अधिनियम की धारा 149 (2) (क) से (ग) तक की शर्तो का अनुपालन कर लिया है और व्यापार करने के लिए हकदार है।

यह प्रमाण-पत्र आज दिनांक बीस जनवरी दो हजार दस को मेरे हस्ताक्षर से जयपुर में जारी किया जाता है ।

# **Certificate for Commencement of Business**

Pursuant to Section 149(3) of the Companies Act, 1956

Corporate Identity Number: U60221RJ2010SGC030630

I hereby certify that the JAIPUR METRO RAIL CORPORATION LIMITED which was incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956 (No. 1 of 1956) on the FIRST day of JANUARY TWO THOUSAND TEN and which has this day filed or duly verified declaration in the prescribed form that the conditions of the Section 149 (2) (a) to (c) of the said Act, have been complied with and is entitled to commence business.

Given under my hand at JAIPUR this TWENTIETH day of JANUARY Two thousand TEN.



Sd/-

# (S. P. KUMAR )

कम्पनी रजिस्ट्रार राजस्थान, जयपुर Registrar of Companies Rajasthan, JAIPUR

कम्पनी रजिस्ट्रार के कार्यालय अभिलेख में उपलब्ध पत्राचार का पता : Mailing Address as per record available in Registrar of Companies Office : "JAIPUR METRO RAIL CORPORATION LIMITED OLD WORKING WOMEN HOSTEL, BEHIND NEHRU PLACE, TONK ROAD JAIPUR 302015

Raiasthan, INDIA

# **MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION**

# OF

# JAIPUR METRO RAIL CORPORATION LIMITED

# (THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013) (COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES)

# MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF JAIPUR METRO RAIL CORPORATION LIMITED

- I The name of the Company is Jaipur Metro Rail Corporation Limited.
- II The Registered Office of the Company will be situated in the State of Rajasthan.
- **III** The Objects for which the Company is established are:

# (A) Main objects to be pursued by the Company on its incorporation are:

- 1. Planning, designing, developing, constructing, maintaining, operating and financing the Mass Transit and other Urban Transport and People Mover Systems of all types and descriptions in the State of Rajasthan, either individually or in association with other Undertakings and Companies or persons in India abroad and/or acquiring the business establishment/undertaking of mass transit and other urban transport system.
- 2. To carry on business relating to construction, maintenance and operation of Mass Transit and other Urban Transport and People Mover Systems of any kind and description and to enter into contract on a turnkey basis or otherwise, either individually or jointly with other undertakings and companies or persons abroad or including but not limited to supply, in India. commissioning of equipment and components, testing, operation and maintenance and all other services and systems ancillary thereto, construction of new systems, road/rail over and under bridges and foot over and under bridges and construction and modernization of manufacturing, remanufacturing and repair workshops and maintenance depots, setting up of production units for manufacture of rolling stock, mass transit vehicles. signaling, interlocking and telecommunication equipment, traffic control equipment and systems, bridge girders, welded rails, pre-stressed concrete structures, various track components, electrification of systems, provide and arrange integration of various modes of transport and other requirements for Mass Transit and other Urban Transport and People Mover System of any kind and description.
- 3. To carry on the business of railway transport, carriers of passengers, by rail and to generally carry on all businesses relating to a Railway Company (as defined in the Indian Railways Act, 1989 as amended

- from time to time or equivalent new definition of a Railway Company, or in any new or amended Act which may come into force), including but not limited to –
- (i) making or constructing in or upon, across, under to over any lands, or, any streets, hills, valleys, roads, railway, tramways, or any rivers, canals, brooks, streams or other water or any drains, water pipes, gas-pipes, oil pipes, sewers, electric supply lines, or telegraph lines, such temporary or permanent inclined, planes, bridges, tunnels, culverts, embankments, aqueducts, roads, lines of railways, passages, conduits, drain, piers, cuttings and fences, intake wells, tube wells, dams, river training and protection works as the Company thinks proper.
- (ii) Altering the course of any river, brook, stream or other water courses, for the purpose of constructing and maintaining tunnels, bridges, passages or other works over or under them and divert or alter, either temporarily or permanently, the course of any river, Brook, stream or other water courses or any road, street or way, or raise or sink the level thereof, in order to carry them more conveniently over or under or by the side of the railways.
- (iii) Making drains or conduits into, through or under any lands adjoining the railways for purposes of conveying water from or to the railways.
- (iv) Erecting and constructing such houses, warehouses, offices and other buildings, and such yards, stations, wharves, engines, machinery, apparatus and other works and conveniences as the Company thinks proper.
- (v) Altering, repairing or discontinuing such buildings, works and conveniences as aforesaid or any of them and substitute others in their stead.
- (vi) Erecting, operating and maintaining or repairing any telegraph and telephone line, any electric traction equipment, power supply and distribution installation in connection with the working of the railway.
- (vii) Making and maintaining works for the accommodation of the owners and occupiers of lands adjoining the railway such as crossings, bridges, over bridges, under bridges, culverts, tunnel, roads, drains, water sources, or other passages over, under or by the sides of or leading to or from the railway.
- (viii) Making boundary marks or fences, erecting gates, chains, bars, stiles or hand rails in connection with working of railway.
- (ix) Establishment of ferries for the accommodation of its railway traffic or otherwise providing and maintaining, bridges and roadways, constructing and maintaining roads for the

accommodation of traffic passing, providing and maintaining any means of transport including motor transport, bus transport or aircraft service with a terminus at or near a station on its railway which may be required, for the reasonable convenience of passengers, carried or to be carried on its railway.

- (x) Establishment of Mass Transit and other People Mover Systems of all types and disciplines, Rail, Road, Sea, Underground and Air based including Rail based mass capacity rapid transit systems, Surface heavy rail system, Heavy metro systems, surface, elevated or underground, RAPID Rail Transit Systems, People Mover Systems including magnetic levitation systems and monorails.
- (xi) Doing all other acts necessary for making, maintaining, altering or repairing and using the railway.
- 4. To design, establish, provide, maintain and perform engineering, technical, financial, management and all other connected advisory / consultancy services for development of Mass Transit and other Urban Transport and People Mover System of any kind and description including but not limited to surveys of all types, feasibility reports, detailed project reports, techno-economic investigations, site selections, supply of basic, engineering and detailed design and working drawings for construction of Mass Transit and other Urban Transport and People Mover Systems of any kind and description, industrial plants and factories pertaining to their working, and equipment selection therein and manufacture of Railway rolling stock and other vehicles, rail or road and equipments of all kinds and description, material handling, preparing specifications and tender documents, tender evaluation and purchase assistance of all materials and goods pertaining to such projects. expediting, inspection and testing, construction project appraisal, supervision, contractual and environmental and social studies, project documentation, commissioning maintenance. management. and training personnel and any other such services of any kind and description.
- 5. To plan, design, develop, construct, maintain and operate restaurants, refreshments, rooms, cafeteria, etc., both stationary and mobile, rest rooms, books stalls, shopping mall & shopping / office complexes, reading rooms, information centers, tourist centers and the like render all facilities and services incidental to, connected with or relating to Mass Transit and other Urban Transport and People Mover Systems of any kind and description.
- 6. To carry on the Business of Operation & Maintenance of any and/or all structures like the Art Gallery, Heritage Kund/Monument/Property, Museum, Souvenir Shop, Gift Shop, Tourist Centre & Parking area/lot, Exhibitions/Fairs, and to lease such spaces under the control of the Company

to publicise and increase the ridership of the Company and to do all such acts, deeds, filings, matters and things and execute all such deeds, documents, instruments and writings as may be required/necessary/proper/expedient to effectively execute such operation and maintenance, and which may include outsourcing in part or complete Operation & Maintenance to an agency with expertise in similar work.

# (B) Matters which are necessary for furtherance of the objects specified in Clause III(A) are:

1. To acquire, buy, sale for purposes or investment or resale land and houses or other properties of any kind, tenure and any interest therein and to acquire, sale and deal in freehold and leasehold, and to make advances upon the hypothecation, mortgage or security of land or houses, or other properties of any description, or any interest therein, and generally to deal in by way of sale, lease, exchange, or otherwise with land and house property and any other property of any description whether real or personnel, movable or immovable, with or without the object of promoting urban agglomeration and in and around such properties for the purpose of the above object of the Company

To purchase, take on lease, under concession or otherwise, lands, buildings, works, mines, mineral deposits, mining rights, plantations, forests and any rights, and privileges or interest therein and to explore, work, exercise, develop and to turn into account the same, if any, required directly or indirectly, for any of the businesses of the Company.

- 2. To enter into any contract or arrangement, for more efficient conduct of any of the businesses of the Company or any part thereof and to sublet contracts from time to time upon such terms and conditions as may be thought expedient and beneficial to the Company.
- 3. To act as metal workers, builders, contractors and engineers in connection with the business of the Company at any time being conducted and which may seen calculated or capable of being conducted so as to directly or indirectly benefit the Company.
- 4. To acquire, establish, construct, provide, maintain and townships, administer workshops, estates, permanent wav. water reservoirs, channels, pumping buildings, yards, walls, installation & purification plants, pipe lines, garages, storage sheds and accommodation of all descriptions connected with the business of the Company and which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the interest of the Company.

- 5. To act as quarry masters and stone merchants, and to buy, sell, get, work, shape, hew, carve, polish, crush and prepare for market or use stone of all kinds; and to carry on business as dealers, in lime, cement, mortar, concrete, and building materials of all kinds, for the business of the Company.
- 6. To do all or any business of buyers, sellers, dealers, and workers in plasters, whitings, casks, sacks, mineral, clay, earth- gravel and cake, fuel, artificial stone and builders requisites of all kinds, for the business of the Company.
- 7. To do all or any of the businesses of timber, plumber, iron and wood merchants, timber growers and dealers in plants, furniture and builders requisites and to purchase, take on lease or otherwise acquire, plant, cut and deal in forest or timber lands and estate of every description, in connection with business of the Company.
- 8. To do the business of electric supply for the business of the Company and to do all things incidental to such business.
- 9. To act as civil engineers, mechanical engineers, electrical engineers, signaling and telecommunication engineers, sanitary and water and plumbers, brass-founders, metal engineers. machinist, smith and tool makers, and to buy, sell, exchange, install, work, alter, improve, manipulate, otherwise deal, prepare for market, import or export, let or hire, all kinds of plant and machines, wagons, rolling stock, apparatus, tools, substances, material and things of all kinds necessary or convenient for carrying on any of the businesses which the Company is authorized to carry on and which seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the interest of the Company or otherwise assist or take part in doing any or these things and/or join with any other Company or with any other Government in India or abroad and / or Governmental authorities / institutions in doing any of these things.
- 10. To act as water-works Company as calculated directly or indirectly to result in the furtherance of the attainment of the main objects of the Company and to sink well and shafts and to acquire, build, provide and maintain dams, barrages, reservoirs, infiltration galleries, waterworks, cisterns, culverts, filter-beds, mains and other pipes and other applications, and to execute and do all other acts and things necessary or convenient for obtaining, storing, selling, delivering, measuring, distributing and dealing in water in connection with the several business activities which the Company is authorized to carry on.
- 11. To avail, apply for, tender, purchase or otherwise acquire any contract and concession for or in relation to the construction, carrying out equipment, improvement, management, administration or control of works and conveniences

required for any of the businesses of the Company and to undertake, carry out, dispose of or otherwise turn to account the same in the forgoing matters and things in connection with the main objects of the Company.

- 12. To purchase, take on lease, or in exchange or under amalgamation, license or concession, or otherwise, absolutely or conditionally, solely or jointly with other and make, construct, maintain, work, hire, hold, improve, alter, manage, let, sell, dispose of, exchange, roads, canals, water course, lands, buildings, workshops, railways, business, tramways, machinery and apparatus, water-rights, way leaves, trade marks, patents and designs, privileges or rights of any description or kind, in connection with the business of the Company and which may seem capable of being conducted so as to directly or indirectly benefit the Company.
- 13. To buy and sell explosives and other explosive products and accessories of all kinds and of whatsoever composition used in connection with the business of the Company.
- 14. To acquire from any person, firm or body corporate whether in India and/or outside India in the public or private sector, technical information, know-how, process engineering, manufacturing and operating data, plans, layout and blue prints, useful for design, erection, construction, commissioning, operation and maintenance of plant and equipment required for any of the businesses of the Company and to acquire any grant or license and other rights and benefits in the foregoing matters and things.
- 15. To carry out or to have carried out experiment and research in laboratory, pilot plant and industrial scale, and to incur expenses necessary there-for with a view to improving on the present method and process of working the several business activities which the Company is authorized to carry on.
- 16. To buy or sell in India and/or abroad as importers, exporters, agents or otherwise of any ferrous, non-ferrous and chemical plants, equipments and auxiliaries which can be advantageously dealt with by the Company to attain the foregoing objects and to carry on operations or business of any nature which the Company from time to time may deem fit or expedient to carry on in connection with its main business at any time being conducted and which may seem calculated, or capable of being conducted or as to directly or indirectly benefit to the Company.
- 17. To build, construct, maintain, enlarge, pull-down, remove or replace, improve or develop and work, manage and control any building, office, go-down, warehouse, shop, machinery, engine, roadway, railway, tramway or other means or transport, siding, bridge, reservoir, dam, water course, water system, dock, wharf, electric works, gas works

or works operated by any other kind of power and works, and also such other machinery, equipment conveyances, works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the interest of the Company and to subsidize, contribute to or otherwise assist or take part in doing any of these things and or to join with any other person and/or Company and/or with any Government, Indian and/or foreign and/or Governmental authority in doing any of these things.

- 18. To apply for, purchase, or otherwise acquire, and protect and renew in any part of the world any patents, patent rights, trade marks, designs, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or nonexclusive or limited rights, to their use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the Company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the Company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses, in respect of, or otherwise, turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired, and to expend money in experimenting upon, testing or improving any such patents, inventions or rights and without prejudice to the generality of the above, any contracts, monopolies or concessions for or in relation to the supply and sale of any minerals, metals, products or other substances, materials, articles or things for or in relation to the construction, execution, carrying out, improvement, management, administration or control of any works and conveniences required for the purpose of carrying out any of the aforesaid business and to undertake execute, carry out, dispose of or otherwise turn to account such contracts, monopolies or concessions.
- 19. To sell, dispose of or transfer any building, industrial undertaking, project, or factory to any Company or association or concern carrying on similar business on such terms and conditions as may be determined by the Company.
- 20. To acquire from any Government, Central, State, Local or Foreign or public body, or person or authority, or from any private individual any concession, grant, decree, right, power and privilege whatsoever which may seem to the Company capable of being turned to account, or which the Company may think directly conducive to any of its objects or capable of being carried, on in connection with its business and to work, develop, carrying, exercise and turn to account the same.
- 21. To apply for charter, privilege, concession, license or authorization of any Government, State or Municipality, provisional order or license from any authority for enabling the Company to carry out any of its objects into effect or for extending any of the powers of the Company or for effecting any modification of the Company or for any other purpose which may seem expedient and to oppose any proceeding or application which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to

- prejudice the interest of the Company.
- 22. To provide residential and/or resting accommodation, medical and welfare facilities for the employees of the Company and in connection therewith to afford to such persons facilities and conveniences for transport, washing, bathing, cooking, reading, writing, and for the purchase, sale and consumption of provisions, both liquid and solid and for the safe custody of goods.
- 23. To construct and maintain or wind up branch offices and/or new offices in India or elsewhere as it may be necessary to protect and promote the interest of the Company.
- 24. To carry on any other business or any business of any other kind or quality whether manufacturing or otherwise which may seem to the Company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the above or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the Company's properties or rights.
- 25. To purchase, take on lease or license or in exchange hire or otherwise acquire any immovable and/or movable property and any right or privilege which the Company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business or may enhance the value of any other property of the Company and in particular any land (freehold, leasehold or other tenure) buildings, basements, machinery, plant, and stock-in-trade and on any such lands to erect buildings, factories, sheds, go downs or other structures for the works, and purpose of the Company and also for the residence and amenity of its employees, staff and other workmen and erect and install, machinery and plant and other equipment deemed necessary or convenient or profitable for the purposes of the Company.
- 26. To exchange, sell, convey, assign or let on lease or grant license for the whole or any part of the Company's immovable properties and to accept as consideration or in lieu thereof other land or cash or Government securities guaranteed by Government or share in Joint Stock Companies or partly one and partly the other or such other property or securities as may be determined by the Company and to take back or reacquire any property so disposed of by repurchasing or leasing the same or obtaining a license for such price or prices and on such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon.
- 27. To enter into any agreement with any Government, Indian or Foreign, or with any authority, public, municipal, local, or otherwise or with any other person that may seem conducive to the object of the Company or any of them and to obtain from any such government, authority or persons, any right, privilege, authority contract, license, and concession which the Company may think desirable to obtain and to carry out, exercise and comply therewith and dispose of or turn to account the same.

- 28. To improve, manage, develop, grant rights or privileges including but not limited to advertising rights in respect of or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the Company.
- 29. To promote and form and to be interested in and take hold and dispose of share in other companies having objects in whole or in part similar to those of the Company and to transfer to any such Company any property of the Company, and to take or otherwise acquire, hold and dispose of shares, debentures and other securities in or of any such Company and to subsidize/assist any such Company.
- 30. To pay for any right or property acquired by the Company and to remunerate any person or Company whether by cash payment or by allotment of shares, debentures of other securities of the Company credited as paid up in full or in part or otherwise.
- 31. To pay out of the funds of the Company all costs, charges and expenses which the Company may lawfully incur with respect to promotion, formation and registration of the Company and/or the issue of its capital or which the Company shall consider to be preliminary, including therein the cost of advertising, printing and stationery and commission and other incidental expenses for obtaining application for taking, placing or underwriting or procuring the underwriting of shares, debentures or other securities of the Company, expenses required for the formation of such agencies, branches and local boards.
- 32. To borrow, raise or receive money (in Indian Rupees or Foreign Exchange) on deposit or loan at interest or otherwise whether in India or abroad in such manner as the Company may think fit and in particular by the issue of bonds, debenture or debenture- stock, perpetual or otherwise, and / or convertible into share, and to secure the repayment of any such money borrowed raised or received or owing by mortgage, pledge, charge or lien upon all or any of the property, assets, or revenue of the Company (both - present and future) including its uncalled capital and to give the lenders or creditors the power of sale and other power as may seen expedient and to purchase, redeem or pay off any such securities and also by a similar mortgage, charge or lien to secure and guarantee the performance by the Company or any other person, firm or Company of any obligation undertaken by the Company or any other person, firm or Company as the case may be.
- 33. To draw, make accept, endorse, discount, execute and issue and negotiate bills of exchange, hundies, promissory notes, bills of landing, warrants, debentures and other negotiable instruments or transferable securities/instruments.
- 34. To receive grants from the Government of India or any State or Union Territory Government or from abroad for the said projects and to

make other financing arrangements for construction, maintenance and operation of new and existing urban transport and people mover and other related system including raising loan from local/foreign financial institutions, capital markets and resources from collections through dedicated taxes.

- 35. Receive, hold and disburse funds on behalf of Government and other individuals and bodies, corporate or otherwise, for any activity related to the Company.
- 36. To receive money on deposits or interest or otherwise and to lend money with or without securities to such companies, firms or persons and on such terms and conditions as may seem expedient and in particular to customers and other having dealings with this Company and to guarantee the performance of contracts or obligations by any such persons, companies and firms, provided that the Company shall not carry on the business of Banking as defined by the Banking Regulations Act, 1949.
- 37. To subsidize, assist and guarantee the payment of money by or the performance of any contract, engagement or obligation by any person or Company, and in particular customers of the Company, with whom the Company may have or intend to have business relations.
- 38. To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required in such manner as many be thought fit and as determined by the Board of Directors of the Company from time to time.
- 39. To open and keep in accordance with the Section 88 of the Act one or more registers of members in any country or countries where it may be deemed advisable to do so and to allocate any number of shares of the Company to such register or registers.
- 40. To appoint attorneys, managers, secretaries, officers and staff for the purpose of carrying on the business and functions of the Company or sales or distribution of goods dealt in or manufactures, if any, by the Company.
- 41. To establish and maintain or procure the establishment and maintenance of any contributory provident fund, contributory or non-contributory pension or superannuation funds for the benefit of, and give or procure the giving of donations, gratuities, pension, bonus, annuities or other allowance or emoluments to any person who are or were at any time in the employment and/or service of the Company, or of any Company which is a subsidiary of the Company or is allied, to or associate with the Company or with any such subsidiary Company or who are or were at any time the Director or officers or staff of the Company or of any such other Company as aforesaid, and the wives, widows, families and dependents of any such persons, and also establish and subsidize to any charitable or public object, institution, society, association, club or funds calculated to the benefit

of or to advance, the interest and well being of the Company or of any such other Company as aforesaid or its employees and to make payment to or towards the insurance of any such person aforesaid and to any of the matters aforesaid either alone or in conjunction with any other Company aforesaid.

- 42. To create any depreciation fund, reserve fund, sinking fund, insurance fund or any other special fund, whether for depreciation or for repairing, improving, extending or maintaining any of the properties of the Company or for any other purpose conducive to the interest of the Company.
- 43. To adopt such means of making known the business of the Company or in which this Company is interested as may seem expedient and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by publication of books and periodicals, by exhibitions and by granting prizes, rewards and donations, subject to Sections 180, 181, 182 and 183 of the Act.
- 44. To enter into any contract or arrangement for a more efficient conduct of the business of the Company of any part thereof and to sublet any contract from time to time.
- 45. To enter into partnership or have arrangements for sharing or pooling profits, amalgamation, union of interest, cooperation, joint ventures or reciprocal concessions or otherwise or amalgamate with any institution or Company carrying on/or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transactions which this Company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or/and business undertaking or transaction, which may seem capable of being carried on or conducted so as to directly or indirectly benefit this Company.
- 46. To distribute or otherwise as may be resolved, any property or asset of the Company or any proceeds of sale or disposal of any proceeds of sale or disposal of any property or assets of the Company in case of winding up of the Company including shares, debentures or other securities of any part-of the assets or liability of the Company but so that no distribution amounting to a reduction of capital may be made except with the sanction (if any) for the time being required by law.
- 47. To vest any immovable or movable property, right or interest acquired by or belonging to the Company in any person or Company on behalf of or for the benefit of the Company and with or without any declared trust in favour of the Company.
- 48. To act as agents and as trustees for any person or Company and to undertake and perform subcontracts and to do all or any of the above things in any part of the world as principal, agent, contractors, trustees or otherwise and by agents subcontractors, trustees or otherwise and either alone or jointly with others.
- 49. To train and/or pay for the training in India or abroad of any of the

- Company's employees or any candidate or to recruit and employ foreign experts in the interest of or furtherance of the Company's objects.
- 50. To carry on any business or branch of a business, which this Company is authorized to carry on, by means or through the agency of any subsidiary Company or companies, to enter into arrangements with any such subsidiary Company for taking the profits and bearing the losses of any business or branch so carried on or for financing any subsidiary Company or guaranteeing its liabilities or to make any other arrangements which may seem desirable with reference to any business or branch so carried on including power at any time, either temporarily or permanently to close any such business or branch.
- 51. To the extent directly or indirectly, conducive to or incidental to the attainment of the above objects to make and perform contracts, leases and other commitments of every kind.
- 52. To generally do and perform all the above acts and such other things as may be deemed incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or of any of them or any allied objects or which may advantageously or conveniently be combined with the business of the Company in a profitable way.
- 53. Arrange and provide necessary security for the assets of the Company and users of its services.
- 54. To enter into agreements with the Central Government/State Government, Railway administration, Private Agencies & Private Sector Parties in India or abroad for purpose of:
  - i. working, use, management and maintenance of any railway;
- ii. construction and / or supply of rolling stock and machinery or for leasing or taking on lease any rolling stock, plant, machines or equipment required for use of railway or for the maintenance of rolling stock;
- iii. payments to be made and conditions to be performed with respect to working, use, management and maintenance;
- iv. inter-change, accommodation and conveyance of traffic being on, coming from or intended for the respective railways of the contracting parties and fixing, collection, appointment and appropriation of revenue arising from that traffic;
- v. purchasing, acquiring (under Land Acquisition Act), taking on lease, under construction or otherwise, lands, buildings, works, mines, mineral deposit, moving rights, plantations, forests and any right and privilege or interest therein and to explore work, exercise, develop and to turn to account, the same if it is required for the business of the Company.

- 55. To manufacture, buy, sell, exchange, install, work, alter, improve, import or export and otherwise deal in all kinds of plant, machinery, wagons, rolling stock, apparatus, tools, utensils, substances, materials and things necessary or convenient for carrying on any of the business, which the Company is authorized to carry on or are usually dealt in by persons engaged in such business.
- 56. To construct, manufacture, rebuild, repair, purchase, sell, import, export, rent, machines and machinery of any kind, which may appear to be necessary or convenient for or incidental to any business of the Company.
- 57. To produce gas and electricity necessary for the purposes of business of the Company and to process all products resulting from ancillary, to such production and making of gas to convert the same into saleable materials like, coke, road-tar, creosote oil, phenols, creosotes, carbolic acid and other chemical or distilled products, any byproducts and to otherwise deal with and dispose of the same and to take all steps incidental or required in respect of the same.
- 58. To develop and turn to account any land acquired by the Company or in which it is interested, and in particular by laying out and preparing the same for, building purposes, construction, pulling down, decorating, maintaining, furnishing, fitting up and improving buildings, and by planting paving draining, farming, cultivating, letting on building lease or building agreement and by advancing money to and entering into contracts and arrangements of all kinds with builders, tenants and other for the main business of the Company.
- 59. To acquire, establish, construct, provide, maintain and administer workshops, townships, estates, permanent way, building yards, walls, water reservoirs, channels, pumping installations, purification plants, pipe lines, garages, storages, storage sheds and accommodation of all description connected with the business of the Company.
- 60. To employ and remunerate experts or consultants to prepare project report, plants, estimates of schemes of mass transport, to investigate, to examine conditions and prospectus, valve and circumstances of mass transport and allied subjects.
- 61. To enter into agreements and contracts with Indian or Foreign individuals, Companies or other organizations for technical, financial or any other assistance for carrying out all or any of the objects of the Company.
- 62. To establish and maintain agencies and branches in India or any part of the world for the conduct business of the Company or for the sale of any materials or things for the time being at the disposal of the Company for sale.

- 63. To construct, acquire, establish, provide, maintain and administer factories, estates, generating installations, pipelines, garages, storages and accommodation of all kinds and descriptions in connection with business of the Company.
- 64. Subject to the provisions of the Act, to lend or deposit money belonging to or entrusted to or placed at the disposal of the Company to any person or Company and in particular to customers and others having dealings with the Company or with or without security, upon such, terms as may be thought proper and guarantee the performance of contracts of such person or Company but not to do the business of banking as defined in Banking Regulation Act, 1949.
- 65. To make advances upon or for the purpose of materials, goods, machinery, stores and other articles or services required for the purpose of the Company.
- 66. Subject to the provisions of the Act, and the Constitution of India to subscribe or contribute or otherwise to guarantee money to charitable, benevolent, religious, scientific, educational or other institutions or any public, general or useful objects.
- 67. To distribute any of the properties of the Company amongst the members in specie or in kind consequent upon the winding up of the Company.
- 68. To undertake and execute any trust, the undertaking whereof may seem desirable either gratuitously or otherwise.
- 69. To establish or promote or concur in establishing or promoting any Company or Companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any property, rights and liabilities of the Company or any other purpose which may, seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the Company and to place or guarantee the placing of, under-write, subscribe for or otherwise acquire all or any part of the shares, debentures or their securities of such other Company.
- 70. To form subsidiary companies for any purpose whatsoever.
- 71. To experiment and incur expenses, necessary for the purposes of improving on the present methods and process of working the several business which the Company is authorized to carry on and to carry on research for improving, developing or effecting economy and greater efficiency in the process for the production, manufacture and working of or trading or dealing in various substances, materials and articles and things or with any of the business for which the Company is established.
- 72. To carry on the business relating to acquiring, planning, designing, enlarging, altering, erecting, construction, improving, acquiring, renovating, developing and managing commercial, institutional, residential, industrial, leasehold or free hold, any where in India or

- abroad either individually or in association with other undertakings, companies, firms, partnership or any legal association or persons and /or any other entity or entities in India and/or abroad including but not limited to:
- (i) To purchase, take on lease, license, barter, hire, exchange or acquire by concession, grant or otherwise under any applicable India Law, either absolutely or conditionally and either alone or jointly any movable or immovable property, privileges, concessions, rights, licenses and easements or interest in or with respect to any such property whatsoever which is deemed essential for any object of the Company.
- (ii) To advance monies or make to any persons in connection with the above business including payments for and relating to any such immovable property, privileges, concessions, rights, licenses and easements or interest in or with respect to any such property purchased or acquired by or for the Company either by cash or other than cash.
- (iii) To realize the proceeds of any developed or under-developed properties of the Company by transferring, selling, mortgaging, letting out on hire, leasing out, licensing, granting concession or otherwise deal in and/or dispose of all or any portion of immovable properties including advertising rights for properties immovable as well as movable, as may be thought desirable and to accept as consideration cash and consideration other than cash and to take back or re-acquire any property so disposed of by re-purchasing or leasing the same or obtaining a license for such price or price and on such terms conditions as may be agree upon.
- (iv) To vest any immovable property, rights or interests acquired by or belonging to the Company in any person or Company on behalf of or for the benefit of the Company and with or without any declared trust in favour of the Company.
- (v) To the extent, directly or indirectly, conducing to or incidental to the attainment of the above objects to make and perform contracts, agreements, licenses, lease and other commitments and covenants of every kind, including raising of funds.
- (vi) To generally do and perform all the above acts and such other things as may be deemed incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or of any of them or which may advantageously or conveniently be combined with the business of the Company in a profitable way.
- (vii) To enter into agreements with companies, associations, societies, organizations or persons foreign or Indian, for securing any of the above objects of the Company or for any purpose conducive to the Company.
- 73. To carry on all or any of the businesses of the assemblers, processors, repairers, finishers and manufacturers of and dealers in plant, machinery and equipment and tools of all descriptions and

- components and accessories thereof and in any similar or allied business and either in connection. with any of the said businesses or any distinct or separate business.
- 74. To carry on all kinds of exploration business and in particular to search for prospect, examine and explore mines supposed to contain metals and minerals for the aforesaid business.
- 75. To receive remuneration from, assist and finance any industrial undertaking, project or enterprise, whether owned or run by Government, statutory body, private Company, firm or individual with capital, credit or resources for execution of its work and business.
- 76. To carry on the business of any electric power, light and supply Company in all its branches, in accordance with law in force for the time being and in particular to construct, lay down, establish, fix and carry out all necessary power stations, cables, wires, lines, accumulators, rectifiers, lamps and works and to generate and/or buy in bulk, accumulate, distribute and supply by sale, exchange or otherwise, electricity and to light cities, towns, streets and buildings and places both public and private.
- 77. To issue or guarantee the issue of or the payment of interest on, debentures, debenture-stock or other security or obligations of any Company or association and to pay or provide for brokerage, commission and underwriting in respect of any such issue.
- 78. To carry on all or any other business of assemblers, processors, repairers, finishers and manufacturers of and dealers in plant, machinery and equipment and tools of all descriptions and components and accessories thereof.
- 79. To carry on the business of agency in all its branches and kinds especially in the fields of advertisements, travel and tourism.
- 80. To carry on the business of hospitality industry in all its branches and, kinds, by the establishment of hotels, lodging houses, motels, inns, restaurants, cafeteria, pubs, taverns and the like.
- **IV** The Liability of the members is limited. This liability is limited to the amount, unpaid, if any, on the shares held by them.
- **V** \*\*\*The authorized share capital of the Company is ₹ 35,00,00,00,000/- (Rupees Three Thousand Five Hundred Crores only) divided into 3,50,00,000 (Three Crore Fifty Lakh only) equity shares of ₹ 1000/- (Rupees One Thousand Only) each.

New set of Memorandum of Association of the Company has been adopted as per the Companies Act, 2013 in place of the existing memorandum of Association by passing special resolution at extra ordinary general meeting held on 09.08.2019.

\*\*\* Clause V was altered by passing special resolution at 13th AGM held on 21.12.2022.

We the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names:

Sr. No.	Signature, Names, Descriptions, Address and Occupations of the Subscribers	Number of Equity Shares taken by each Subscriber	Signature, Name, Address Description and Occupation of the Witness
1.	All subscribers (1 to 7 below are Nominee of H.E. the Governor of Rajasthan Sd/- (Gurdial Singh Sandhu) S/o Sh. Ajaib Singh Sandhu H. No. B-7/1, M.S. Flats, R.K. Puram, New Delhi Service- I.A.S.Pr. Secretary UDH & LSG GOR	10 (Ten)	
2.	Sd/- (Abhay Kumar) S/o Sh. Arimardan Singh R/o 675, sirsi road, Hanuman Nagar Ext., Vaishali Nagar, Jaipur, Rajathan Service- I.A.S. – Secretary (F) GOR Sd/-	440 (Four hundred forty)	ers.
3.	(Dr. Dinesh Kumar Goyal) S/o Sh. M.L.Goyal R/o I-14, Gandhi Nagar, New Dispensary, Jaipur, Rajasthan Service- I.A.S. –Secretary PWD GOR	10 (Ten)	I witness the signature of all the subscribers.  S/d- (SHYAMLAL AGARWAL) S/o Sh. Mohan Lal Agarwal G-153, Udai Path, Shyam Nagar, Jaipur Service Charted Accountant M.No. 70899
4.	Sd/- (Madhukar Gupta) S/o Sh. Harbans Lal Gupta R/o I-29, Gandhi Nagar, Jaipur, Rajasthan Service- I.A.S. – Secretary Transport GOR Sd/-	10 (Ten)	itness the signature of all the sub S/d- (SHYAMIAL AGARWAL) S/o Sh. Mohan Lal Agarwal G-153, Udai Path, Shyam Nagar, Service Charted Accountant M.No. 70899
5.	(Sudhansh Pant) S/o Sh. Jiwan Chandra Pant C-632, Gandhi Nagar, C-Type quarters, Ward no. 18, Jaipur, Rajasthan Service-I.A.SJDC S/d	10 (Ten)	I witness the (SH S/o G-153, Ud
6.	(Lalit Mehra) S/o Sh. Chandra Mehra N-11, MLA Flats, Gandhi Nagar, Jaipur, Rajasthan Service- I.A.SCEO-JMC-Jaipur S/d	10 (Ten)	
7.	(Ram Gopal Gupta) S/o Sh. Roshan Lal Gupta R-1/1, Vidhyut Colony, Near Shastri Cricle, Joshpur, Rajasthan Service- I.A.S. – CMD JVVNL	10 (Ten)	

Total No. of Equity Shares subscribed:500 (Five hundred)

Dated the 23<sup>rd</sup> day of December, 2009

Place: Jaipur

# **ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION**

# OF

# JAIPUR METRO RAIL CORPORATION LIMITED

# (THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013) (COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES)

# ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF JAIPUR METRO RAIL CORPORATION LIMITED

#### 1. Table F

The Regulation contained in Table F, in the First Schedule to the Companies Act, 2013, shall not apply to this Company, but the Regulations for the management of the Company and for the observance of the members thereof and their representatives, shall, subject to any exercise of the statutory powers of the Company with reference to repeal or alteration of or addition to its Regulations by Special Resolution as prescribed by the said Act, be such as are contained in these Articles.

Unless specifically decided by the shareholders in the General Meeting by way of ordinary resolution, notwithstanding anything contained in the Articles of Association, all the clauses stated herein shall always be subject to privileges and exemptions being conferred to Government Companies, explicitly from time to time by way of notification or otherwise, and for this purpose, Government Company shall mean a Company fulfilling the norms as enunciated under the provisions of Section 2(45) of the Companies Act, 2013.

## 2. Interpretation

In the interpretation of these Articles, unless repugnant to or inconsistent with the subject or context.

- (i) "The ACT" means the Companies Act, 2013 or any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force.
- (ii) "Auditors" means and includes those persons appointed as such for the time being by the Company.
- (iii) "Articles" or "These Articles" means "Articles of Association" as originally framed or as altered from time to time by Special Resolution.
- (iv) "The Board" or "The Board of Directors" means persons collectively acting as Directors as per Section 2(34) of the Act, including Alternate Director.
- (v) "The Board Meeting" or "The Meeting of Board of Directors" means a meeting of the Board of Directors duly called and constituted or the Directors assembled at a Board Meeting, the requisite number of

- Directors entitled to pass a Resolution by circulation in accordance with these Articles.
- (vi) "The Company" or "This Company" means JAIPUR METRO RAIL CORPORATION LIMITED.
- (vii) "The Chairman" means Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Company for the time being.
- (viii) "Capital" means the Share Capital for the time being raised or authorized to be raised, for the purpose of the Company.
- (ix) "Debenture" includes debenture stock, bonds or any other instrument of a Company evidencing a debt, whether constituting a charge on the assets of the Company or not.
- (x) "Dividend" includes any interim dividend.
- (xi) "Director(s)" means persons occupying the post of Director as per Section 2(34) of the Act, including that of one acting as functional/non functional Director, whether nominated or otherwise and is acting as such and includes alternate Director.
- (xii) "Extra Ordinary General Meeting" means as Extra Ordinary General meeting of the members duly called and constituted and adjourned holding thereof.
- (xiii) "In Writing" and "Written" include printing, lithography and other modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form.
- (xiv) "Financial Year" means the period ending on 31st March every year and such period in respect of which any profit and loss account of the Company in an Annual General Meeting is made up and shall be a period from April to March each year.
- (xv) "Gender" Words importing the masculine gender also include feminine gender.
- (xvi) "General Meeting" means a general meeting of the members held in accordance with the provisions of the Act and includes Annual General Meeting convened pursuant to Section 96 of the Act.
- (xvii) "Government" means the Government of Rajasthan and would include Government of any other state or the Central Government, where the context so require.

- (xviii) "Managing Director" means the Managing Director for the time being of the Company.
- (xix) "Member" means the duly registered holder from time to time of the shares of the Company and includes the subscribers to the Memorandum of association of the Company.
- (xx) "Month" means calendar month.
- (xxi) "Office" means the Registered Office for the time being of the Company.
- (xxii) "Ordinary Resolution" and "Special Resolution" shall have meanings assigned thereto under Section 144 of the Act.
- (xxiii) "Paid-up" in relation to the Share Capital of the Company includes credited as paid-up.
- (xxiv) "Person" Words imparting persons include Corporations and Body Corporate.
- (xxv) "Proxy" includes Attorney duly constituted under a Power of Attorney.
- (xxvi) "The Registrar" means the Registrar of Companies of the State in which the office of the Company is for the time being, situated.
- (xxvii) "Register" means the Register of members to be kept pursuant to the provisions of the Act.
- (xxviii) "Seal" means the Common Seal for the time being of the Company.
- (xxix) "Share" means share in the share capital, of the Company and shall include stock except where a distinction between share and stock is expressed or implied.
- (xxx) "Secretary" means Company Secretary within the meaning of Section 203 of the Act and relevant Rules and includes any individual possessing the prescribes qualifications and appointed to perform the duties which may be performed by a Secretary under the Act and any other ministerial or administrative duties and includes an assistant or Deputy Secretary possessing these qualifications.
- (xxxi) "Singular Number" Words importing the singular number includes, where the context admits or requires the plural number or vice versa.
- (xxxii) "Year" means Calendar year.
  - The marginal notes used in these articles shall not affect the construction or interpretation thereof.

Save as aforesaid, any words or expressions defines in the Act shall, if not inconsistent with the subject or context, bear the same meaning in these Articles.

#### SHARE CAPITAL AND INCREASE AND REDUCTION OF CAPITAL

## 3. \*\*\*Share Capital

The authorized Share Capital of the Company is ₹ 35,00,00,00,000/-(Rupees Three Thousand Five Hundred Crores only) dividend into 3,50,00,000 (Three Crore Fifty Lakh Only) equity shares of ₹ 1000/-(Rupees one thousand only) each.

# 4. Increase Of Capital By The Company And How Carried Into Effect

The Company in a General Meeting may from time to time, increase the capital by the creation of new Shares, such increase to be of such aggregate amount and to be divided into shares of such respective amounts as the resolution authorizing such increase shall prescribe. The new Shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions and with such rights and privileges annexed thereto as such resolution shall prescribe and, in particular, such Shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to Dividends, and in, the distribution of assets of the Company and with a right or voting at General Meetings of the Company in conformity with Section 43 and 47 of the Act, Whenever the capital of the Company has been increased the Board shall comply with the provisions of Section 64 of the Act.

# 5. Reduction Of Capital

The Company may (subject to the provisions of Sections 52, 55, 66 to 68 (inclusive) of the Act) from time to time, by a Special Resolution, reduce its Capital and any Capital Redemption Reserve Account or premium Account in any manner for the time being authorized by law and, in particular capital may be paid off on the footing that it may be called up again or otherwise. This article is not to derogate from any power the Company would have if it were omitted.

# 6. Sub-Division And Consolidation Of Shares

Subject, to the provisions of Section 61 of the Act, the Company in a General Meeting may, from time to time, subdivide or consolidate its shares or any of them and the resolution whereby any Share is subdivided, may determine that, as between the holders of the Shares resulting from such subdivision one or more of such Shares shall have

\*\*\* Article 3 was altered by passing special resolution at 13<sup>th</sup> AGM held on 21.12.2022.

some preference or special advantage as regards Dividend, capital or otherwise over or as compared with the others or other subject as aforesaid, the Company in General Meeting may also cancel Shares which have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the Shares so cancelled.

# 7. Modification Of Rights

Whenever the capital, by reason of the issue of preference shares or otherwise, is divided into different classes of Shares, all or any of the rights and privileges attached to each class may, subject to the provisions of Section 48 of the Act, be modified, commuted, effected or abrogated or dealt with by agreement between the Company and any person purporting to contract on behalf of that class, provided such agreement is ratified in writing by holders of at least three fourths in nominal value of the issued Shares of the class or is confirmed by a Special Resolution passed at a separate General Meeting of the holders of Shared of that class.

#### 8. Power To Issue Preference Shares

The Company shall have power to issue preference shares subject to the provision of the Act and which shall, prescribe the manner, terms and conditions of conversion /redemption.

#### 9. Issue Of Shares For Consideration Other Than Cash

Subject to these articles and the provisions of the Act, the Board may issue and allot shares in the capital of the Company as payment or in consideration or as part payment or in part consideration of the purchase or acquisition of any property by the Company or for service rendered to the Company in the conduct of its business and such consideration shall become debt due to and recoverable by the Company from the allottee in lieu of the shared to be allotted to him.

## 10. Company's Shares Not To Be Purchased

Except to the extent allowed by Section 68 of the Act, no funds of the Company shall be employed in the purchase of its own shares or its holding Company's shares.

#### 11. Allotment Of Shares

Save as aforesaid, the shares, whether forming part of the original capital or of any increased capital of Company, shall be allotted to such persons, on such terms and conditions and either at a premium or at par or at a discount and at such times as the Directors may think fit but subject to provisions of the Act.

# 12. Commission For Placing Shares

Subject to provisions of the Act, the Company may pay a Commission to any person for subscribing or agreeing to subscribe (Whether absolutely or conditionally), for any shares, debentures or debenture stock of the Company or for procuring or agreeing to procure subscription (whether absolute or conditional) for any shares, debentures or debenture stock or the Company. Such commission may be paid or satisfied in cash or in shared, debentures or debenture stock of the Company.

## 13. Installment On Shares To Be Duly Paid

If, by the conditions of allotment of any share, the whole or part of the amount of issue price thereof, shall be payable by installment, every such installment, when due, shall be paid to the Company by the person who, for the time being and from time to time, shall be the registered holder of the share or his legal representative. The joint holders of a share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for payment of all installments and calls due in respect of such shares.

#### 14. Share Under Control Of The Board

Subject to the provisions of these Articles and of the Act, the share shall be under the control of the Board which may allot or otherwise dispose of the same to such persons on such terms and conditions and at such time as it may think fit and subject to the sanction of the Company, in General Meeting with full power, to give any person the option to call for or be allotted shared of any class of the Company either (subject to the provisions of Section 52 of the Act,) at a premium or at par or at a discount and such option being exercisable for such time and for such consideration as the Directors may think fit. The Board shall cause to be made the returns as to allotment provided for in Section 40 of the Act.

## 15. Power To Company In General Meeting To Issue Shares

In addition to and without derogating from the powers for that purpose conferred on the Board under Articles 13 and 14, the Company in General Meeting may subject to the provisions of Chapter III of the Act, determine that any share (whether forming part of the original capital or of any increased capital of the Company) shall be offered to such persons (whether members or not) in such proportion and on such terms and conditions and either (subject to compliance with the Act,) at a premium or at par or at a discount, as such general meeting shall determine and with full power to give any person (whether a member or

not) the option to call for or be allotted share of any class of the Company, such option being exercisable at such times and for such consideration as may be directed by such General Meeting or the Company in general meeting may make other provision whatsoever for the issue, allotment or disposal of any share.

## 16. Acceptance Of Shares

Any Application signed by the applicant for shares in the Company, followed by an allotment of nay share therein, shall be an acceptance of shares within the meaning of these presents, every person who thus or otherwise accepts any shares and whose name is on the Register shall, for the purposes of these presents, be a Member.

## 17. Deposit and call etc. To be a debt payble immediately

The money (if any) which the Board shall, on the allotment of any share being made by them, require or direct to be paid by way of deposit, call or otherwise, in respect of any share allotted by them, shall immediately on the insertion of the allottee in the Register of Members as the name of the holder of such shares, become a debt due to and recoverable by the Company from the allottee thereof, and shall be paid by him accordingly.

# 18. Liability Of Members

Every member or his heirs, executors or administrators shall pay to the Company the portion of the capital represented by his share or shares which may, for the time being remain unpaid thereon, in such amounts, at such time or times and in such manner as the Board of Directors shall, from time to time require of fix for the payment thereof.

#### 19. Trust Not Recognized

Except, as ordered by a Court of competent jurisdiction or as provided by the Act, no notice of any trust, express, implied or constructive shall be entered on the register of members or of debenture holders of the Company.

# 20. Register And Index Of Members

- (1) The Company shall cause to be kept a Register and Index of Members in accordance with Section 88 of the Act, along with Rule 3, 5, 6, 7 & 28 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014.
- (2) Shares to be numbered progressively and no shares to be subdivided. The shares in the capital shall be numbered progressively

according to their several denominations and except in the manner herein mentioned, no share shall he subdivided.

## 21. New Shares To Be Offered To Existing Members

When at any time subsequent to the first allotment of shares in the Company it is proposed to increase the subscribed capital of the Company by the issue of new shares, then, subject to any direction to the contrary which may be given by the Company in General Meeting and subject only to these directions, such new shares shall be offered to the persons who, on the dated of the offer are holders of the equity shares of the Company, in proportion, as nearly as circumstances admit, to the capital paid up on those shares at that date, and such offer shall be made by a notice in writing specifying the, number of shares offered and limiting a time not being less then 15 days from the date of the offer within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to have been declined. After the expiry of the time specified in the notice aforesaid, or on receipt of earlier intimation form the person to whom such notice is served that he declines to accept the shares offered, the Board of Directors may dispose of them in such manner as they think most beneficial to the Company.

#### 22. Certificates How To Be Issued

The Certificate of title to shares shall be issued under the signatures of any person or persons authorized by the Board in that behalf. The Company shall within 60 days after the allotment of shares and within 60 days after the application of the transfer of any share, debenture or debenture stock, complete and have ready for delivery the certificates of shares/debentures allotted, unless the conditions of issue of shares otherwise provide. Provided always that notwithstanding anything contained in this Articles, the certificates of title to shares may be executed and issued in accordance with such other provisions of the Act or the Rules made there under as may be for the time being in force.

## 23. Members Right To Certificate

Every member shall be entitled, free of charge, to one certificate for all the shares registered in his name. Every certificate of shares shall specify the number and the distinctive number/numbers of the shares in respect of which it was issued and the amount paid-up thereon. For each further certificate the Directors shall be entitled but shall not be bound to prescribe a charge not exceeding the amount as may be prescribed by law from time to time.

#### 24. Fractional Certificate

The Company may issue such fractional Certificates, as the Directors may approve, in respect of any of the shares of the Company on such term as the Directors think if it as to the period within which the fractional certificates are.

# 25. Issue Of New Certificate In Place Of One Defaced, Lost Or Destroyed

If any certificate be worm out or defaced or torn to be otherwise mutilated or there is no further space on the back thereof for endorsement of transfer, then, upon production thereof the Directors, they may order the same to be cancelled and may issue a new certificate in lieu thereof and if any certificate be lost or destroyed, then, upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Directors and on such indemnity and the payment of out-of-pocket expenses incurred by the Company, as the Directors deem adequate, being given and upon such advertisement being published as the Board may require, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given to the party entitled to such lost or destroyed certificate upon payment of such sum not exceeding the amount as may be prescribed by law form time to time, as the Directors may from time to time prescribe, shall be paid to the Company for every certificate issued under this clause provided that no fee shall be charges for issue of new certificates in replacement of those which are old, or worn out or where the pages on the reverse for recording transfers have been fully utilized.

#### 26. Issue Of Certificates To Joint Holders

The certificate of shares registered in names of two or more persons shall be delivered to the person first named in the Register.

# 27. The First Name Of Joint Holders/Deemed Sole Holder

If any share stands in the names of two more persons the person first named in the Register shall, as regards receipt of dividends or bonus or service of notices or any other matter connected with the Company except voting at meetings and transfer of shares, be deemed to be the sole holder thereof, as per provisions of the Act.

#### **CALLS**

# 28. Directors May Make Calls

The Board may, from time to time, subject to the terms on which any shares or Debentures may have been issued and subject to the conditions of allotment by a resolution passed at a meeting of the Board (and not by a resolution by circulation) make such calls as it thinks fit upon the Members or Debenture holders in respect of all moneys unpaid on the Shares or Debentures held by them respectively, and each Member or Debenture holder shall pay the amount of every call so made on him to the person or persons and at times and places appointed by the Board. A call may be made payable by installments.

The Directors, from time to time, by resolution passed at a meeting of Directors (and not by a resolution passed by circulation) make such calls as they think fit. A call shall be deemed to have been made when the resolution of Directors, authorizing such calls, was passed.

#### 29. Notice Of Calls

At least 14 days notice of any call shall be given by the Company specifying the time and place of payment and to whom such calls shall be paid. A call may be revoked or postponed at the discretion of Board.

## 30. Directors May Extend Time

The Board may, from time to time at its discretion, extend the time fixed for payment of any call, it may extend such time as to all or any of the Members or Debenture holder who because of their residence being at a distance or for any other cause cannot pay in time and whom the Board may fairly deem entitled to such extension. No Member or Debenture holder shall be entitled to such extension save as a matter of grace and favour.

# 31. Amount Payable At Fixed Time Or By Installments Payable As Calls

If by the terms of issue of any share or otherwise any amount is or becomes payable on allotment or at any fixed date or by installments at fixed times whether on account of the nominal amount of the share or by way of premium, every such amount or installment shall be payable as if it were a call duly made by the Directors and payable on the date on which, by the terms of issued or otherwise, such sum becomes payable and of which due notice has been given. In case of nonpayment of such sum, all the relevant provisions herein contained as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture or otherwise shall apply as if such amount had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

# 32. Calls To Carry Interest

If any Member or Debenture holder fails to pay any call due from him on the day appointed for payment thereof, or any such extension thereof as aforesaid, he shall be liable to pay interest on the same from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of actual payment at such rate as shall from time to time fixed by the Board but nothing in this Article shall render it obligatory for the Board to demand or recover any interest from any such Member or Debenture holder.

#### 33. Evidence In Action For Call

On the trial or hearing of any action for the recovery of any money due for any call, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the member sued is entered in the Register as the holder or one of the holders of the shares in respect of which such debt accrued that the resolution making the call is duly recorded in the minute book and that notice of such call was duly given to the member sued, in pursuance of these resents and shall not be necessary to prove the appointment of the Directors who made such call neither a quorum nor any other matters whatsoever and the proof of the matters aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

## 34. Partial Payment Not To Preclude Forfeiture

Neither a judgment nor a decree in favour of the Company calls or other moneys due in respect of any shares not the receipt by the Company of a portion of any money which shall from time to time be due from any member in respect of any shares either by way of principal or interest nor any indulgence granted by the Company from thereafter proceeding to enforce a forfeiture of such shares as herein provided.

## 35. Payment Of Call Is Advance

Member willing to advance the same, all or any part of the amounts of his share beyond the sum actually called up and upon the moneys so paid in advance or upon so much thereof, from time to time, and at any time thereafter as exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon and due in respect of the shares on account of which such advances are made. The Board may pay or allow interest at such rate as the Member paying the sum in advance and the Board agree upon. The Board may agree to repay at any time any amount so advanced or may

at any time repay the same upon giving to the Member three months notice in writing provided that moneys paid in advance of calls on any shares may carry interest but shall not confer a right to dividend or to participate in profits.

b) No member paying any sum in advance shall be entitled to voting rights in respect of the moneys so paid by him until the same would but for such payment, become personally payable.

# 36. Members Not Entitled To Privileges Of Membership Until All Calls Paid

No member shall be entitled to receive any dividend or to exercise any privilege as a member until he shall have paid calls for the time being due and payable on every share held by him whether alone or jointly with any other person together with interest and expenses, if any.

#### FORFEITURE AND LIEN

## 37. If Calls Or Installment Not Paid, Notice May Be Given

If any member fails to pay any Call or any installment on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same, the directors may at the time hereafter, during such time as the call, or installment remains unpaid, serve a notice on such member requiring him to pay the same together with an interest that may have accrued by the Company by the reason of such non- payment.

#### 38. Form Of Notice

If notice shall, name a day (not being earlier than the expiry of fourteen days from the date of service of notice) and the place or places, on and at which such call or installment and such interest and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid. The notice shall also state that in the event of non-payment on or before the time and at the place appointed, the share in respect of which the calls was made or installment is payable will be liable to be forfeited.

# 39. If Notice Not Complied With, Shares May Be Forfeited

If the requisitions of any such notice, as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before payments of all calls or installments, interest and expenses, due in respect thereof be forfeited by resolution of the board of directors to that effect. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends declare in respect of the forfeited shares and not actually paid.

#### 40. Notice Of Forfeiture

When any share shall have been so forfeited, notice of the resolution of the board of directors shall be given to the member in whose name it stood immediately prior to forfeiture and any entry of the forfeiture with the date thereof shall forth with be made in the register of members, provided however, that failure to give the notice will not in any way invalidate the forfeiture.

# 41. Forfeited Share To Become Property Of Company

Any share so forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company and the directors may sell, re-allocate and otherwise dispose of the same in such manner as they think fit.

#### 42. Power To Annul Forfeiture

The Directors may, at any time, before any shares so forfeited shall have been sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of, annul the forfeiture thereof as a matter of grace and favour but not as of right upon such terms and conditions as they may think fit.

#### 43. Arrears To Be Paid Notwithstanding Forfeiture

Any member whose shares shall have been forfeited shall not withstand the forfeiture, be liable to pay and shall forthwith pay to the Company all calls, installments, interest and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of forfeiture together with interest thereon, from the time of forfeiture until payment, at rate of 12% per annum and the director may enforce the payment of such moneys or any part thereof if they think fit, but shall not be under any obligation to do so.

#### 44. Effect Of Forfeiture

The forfeiture of a share shall involve extinction of all interests in and also of all claims and demands against the Company in respect of the shares and all other rights incidental to the same except only such of those rights as by these presents are expressly saved.

#### 45. Certificate Of Forfeiture

A certificate of writing under the hands of Director, Managing Director, Manager or the Secretary of the Company, that the call in respect of a share was made and, notice thereof given and that default in payment of the call was made and that the forfeiture, of the share was made by a resolution of the board of director to that effect, shall be conclusive evidence of the fact stated therein as against all person entitled to such share.

#### 46. Title Of Purchaser And Allottee Of Forfeited Shares

The Company may receive the consideration, if any, given for the share on any sale, re-allotment or other disposal thereof and may execute transfer of the share in favour of the person to whom the share is sold or disposed of and the person to whom such share, is sold re- allotted or disposed of may be registered as the holder of share. Any such purchaser or allottee shall not (unless by express agreement) be liable to pay and calls, amounts, installments, interest and expenses owing to the Company prior to such purchase or allotment nor shall he be entitled (unless by Express agreement) to any of the dividends, interests or bonuses accrued, or which might have accrued upon the share before the time of completing such purchases or before such allotment. Such purchaser or allottee shall not be bound to see the application of the purchase money, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale, re-allotment or disposal of the share.

# 47. Company's Lien On Share

The Company shall have no lien on its fully paid up shares. In the case of partly paid up shares, the Company shall have a lien only to the extent of all moneys called or payable at a fixed time in respect of such share, otherwise, such partly paid up shares shall be free from any lien of the Company. Any lien on such share shall extent to all dividend and bonus declared from time to time in respect of such shares. Unless otherwise agreed, the registration of transfer of shares shall operate as a waiver of the Company's lien, if any on such share. The board of directors may at any time, declare any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provision of this article.

## 48. Enforcement Of Lien By Sale

For the purpose of enforcing such lien, the Board of Directors may sell the shares subject thereto in such manner as they think fit but no sale shall be made unless a sum in respect of which the lien exists is payable and until notice in writing has been served on such member or in the event of his death or insolvency of his heirs, executors or administrators stating and demanding payment of such part of amount in respect of which lien exists is presently payable and default shall have been made by him or them in the payment, fulfillment or discharge of such debts, liabilities or engagements for 14 days after such notice. To give effect to any such sale, the Board may authorize

some person to execute an instrument of transfer in respect of the shares sold and to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser thereof and the purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the shares comprised in any such transfer. Upon any such sale as aforesaid the certificates in respect of the shares sold shall stand cancelled and become null and void and of no effect and the Directors shall be entitled to issue a new certificate in lieu thereof to the purchaser or purchasers concerned.

## 49. Application Of Proceeds Of Sale

The net proceeds of such sale shall be received by the Company and after payment of the cost of such sale shall be applied in payment of such part of the amount in respect of which lien exists as is presently payable and the residue, if any, subject to a like lien for sums not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sales be paid to the persons entitles to the shares as the date of the sales.

# 50. Validity Of Sale In Exercise Of Lien And After Forfeiture

Upon any sale after forfeiture or for enforcing a lien in purported exercise of the powers here in before given, the Board of Directors may appoint some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the Shares sold and cause the purchasers name to be entered in the register in respect of the Shares sold and the purchaser shall not be bound to see the regularity of the proceedings nor to the application of the purchase money and after his name has been entered in the register in respect of such Shares, his title to the Shares shall not be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the same.

# 51. Board Of Directors May Issue New Certificate

Where any shares under the powers in that behalf herein contained are sold by the Board of Directors after forfeiture of enforcing a lien and the certificate in respect thereof has not been delivered up to the Company by the former holder of such Shares, the Board of Directors may issue a new certificate of such shares distinguishing it in such manner as they may think fit from the certificate not so delivered.

# 52. Application Of Forfeiture Provisions

The provisions of the Articles as to forfeiture shall apply in the case of non-payment of any sum which by the terms of the issue of as share, becomes payable at a fixed time, whether on account of the amount of the share, or by way of premium, as if the same had been payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

## 53. Execution of Transfer Etc.

No transfer of shares in or debentures of the Company shall be registered unless in accordance with the provisions of Section 56 of the Act. A proper instrument of transfer duly stamped and executed by or on behalf of the transferor and by or on behalf of the transferee and specifying the name, address and occupation, if any, of the transferee had been delivered to the Company along with the certificate relating to the shares or debentures or if no such certificate is in existence, along with the letter of allotment of the shares or debentures provided that the transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of such share until the name of the transferee is entered in the Register in respect thereof.

#### 54. FORM OF TRANSFER

The instrument of transfer of any share shall be in writing in the prescribed form and in accordance with Section 56 of the Act.

# 55. Notice To The Transferee And The Transferor On Refusal To Transfer Shares

If the Company refuses to register any such transfer or transmission of any share, the Company shall, within two months from the date on which the instrument of transfer or the intimation of such transmission, as the case may be was delivered to the Company, send notice of the refusal to the transferee and the transferor or to the person giving intimation or such transmission, as the case may be, giving reasons for such refusals.

#### 56. No Transfer To Infant Etc.

No partly paid shares shall be transferred to a minor, an infant or person of unsound mind.

# 57. Transfer To Be Left At Office And Evidence Of Title Given When Transfer To Be Retained

Every instrument of transfer duly executed and stamped shall be left at the office of the Company for registration accompanied by the certificate of the shares to be transferred and such other evidence as the Company may require to prove the title of the transferor or his right to transfer the shares. All instrument of transfer, which shall be registered, shall be retained by the Company, but any instrument of transfer which the Directors may decline to register shall on demand, be returned to the person depositing the same.

## 58. Fee On Transfer

A fee not exceeding the amount as may be prescribed by law from time to time may be charges for each instrument of transfer and shall, if required by the Directors, be paid before the registration thereof.

## 59. Closure Of Transfer Books

The Directors may after giving not less than seven days previous notice by advertisement as requires by Section 154 of the Act, close the Register of Members or the Register of Debenture holders for any period or periods not exceeding in the aggregate forty five days in each year nor exceeding thirty days at any one time.

# 60. Title To Share Of Deceased Holders

The executors or administrators of a deceased member shall be the only persons recognized by the Company as having any title to the share except in case of joint holders, in which case the surviving holder shall be the only persons entitled to be so recognized, but nothing herein contained shall release the estate of a deceased joint holder from any liability in respect of any share jointly held by him. The Company shall not be bound to recognize such executor administrator unless he shall have obtained probate or letters of administration, succession certificate or other legal representation, as the case may be from a duly constituted court of India to grant such probate or letters of administration provided nevertheless that in cases, which the Board in its discretion consider to be special cases and in such cases only, it shall be lawful for the Board of Directors to dispense with the production of probate or letter of administration or such other legal representation upon such terms as to indemnify or otherwise as the share of a deceased member shall be deemed to be an administrator for the purposes of this article.

# 61. Directors' Power To Reject Application Of Transfer

The Board of Directors shall have absolute and uncontrolled discretion and power to decline to register any proposed transfer or transmission of any shares giving reasons for such refusals.

# 62. Registration Of Persons Entitled To Shares Otherwise Than By Transfer (Transmission Clause)

Subject to the provision of the Act, and these presents any person becoming entitles to a share in consequence of death, bankruptcy or

insolvency of any member or by any lawful means other than by a transfer in accordance with these presents may with the consent of the Directors (which they shall not be under any obligation to give), upon producing such evidence as the Board thinks sufficient either be registered himself as the holder of the share or elect to have some person nominated by him and approved by the Board, registered as such holder provided nevertheless, that if such person shall elect to have his nominee registered he shall testify the election by executing to his nominee an instrument of transfer of the share in accordance with the provisions herein contained and until he does so, he shall not be freed from any liability in respect of the share.

# 63. Persons Entitled May Receive Dividend Without Being Registered As Members

A person entitled to a share by transmission shall, subject to the right of the Directors to retain in consequence of death, bankruptcy or insolvency any such dividends or money as hereinafter provided, be entitled to receive and may give a discharge for, any dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the share.

# 64. Board May Require Evidence Of Transmission

Every transmission of share shall be verified in such manner as the Directors may require and the Company may refuse to register any such transmission until and unless an indemnity be given to the Company with regard to such registration which the Directors in their discretion shall consider sufficient, provided, nevertheless, that there shall not be any obligation on the Company or the Directors to accepts any indemnity.

## 65. Transfer By Legal Representative

A transfer of share in the Company of a deceased member thereof, made by his legal representative shall, although the legal representative is not himself a member, be as valid as if he had been a member at the time to the execution of the instrument of transfer.

## 66. Certificate Of Transfer

The certification by the Company of any instrument of transfer of shares in or debentures of the Company shall be taken as a representation by the Company to any person, acting on the faith of the certification that there have been produced to the Company such documents as on the face of them show a prima facie title to the share or debentures in the transferor named, in the instrument of transfer

but not as a representation that the transferor has any title to the shares or debentures.

## 67. Transfer Of Debentures

The provision of these Articles shall mutatis mutandis apply to the transfer or transmission by operation of law of the right Debentures/debenture stock of the Company.

## JOINT HOLDERS

## 68. Joint Holders

Where two or more persons are registered as the holders of any share, the person first named in the Register as one of the joint holders of the share shall be deemed the sole holder for matters connected with the Company subject to the following and other provisions contained in these presents.

# (i) Joint and several liabilities for all payments in respect of shares

The joint holders of any share shall be liable severally as well as jointly for and in respect of all calls and other payment which ought to be made in respect of such share.

# (ii) Title of survivors

On the death of any such joint holders, the survivor or survivors shall be the only person or persons, recognized by the Company as having any title to the share but the Directors may require such evidence of death, as they may deem fit and nothing herein contained shall be taken to release the estate of a deceased joint holder from any liability on shares held by him jointly with any other persons.

# (iii) Joint holders of shares to give receipt for payments in respect thereof

Any one of several persons who are registered as joint holders of nay share may give effectual receipts for all dividends any payments on account of dividends in respect of such share.

## (iv) Delivery of certificate and giving of notices to first named holders

Only the person whose name stands first in the Register of Members as one of the joint holders of any shares shall be entitled to the delivery of the certificates relating to such share or to receive documents (which expression shall be deemed to include all documents referred to in Articles) from the Company and any documents served on or sent to such person shall be deemed to have been served on all the joint holders.

## (v) Votes of joint holders

Any one of two or more joint holders may vote at any meeting either personally or by attorney duly authorized under power of attorney or by proxy in respect of such shares as if he were solely entitled thereto and if more than one of such joint holders be present at any meeting personally or by proxy or by attorney then that one of such persons so present whose name stands first or higher (as the case may be) on the Register in respect of such share shall alone be entitled to vote in respect thereof and the other joint holders shall be entitled to be present at the meeting provided always that a joint holder present at any meeting personally shall, be entitled to vote in preference to a joint holder present by attorney or proxy although the name of such joint holder present by an attorney or proxy stands first or higher (as the case may be) in the Register in respect of such shares. Several executors or administrators of a deceased member in whose (deceased member's) sole name any share stands, shall, for the purpose of this sub clause be deemed joint holders.

# 69. Issue Of Further Pari Passu Shares Not To Affect The Right Of Shares Already Issued

The rights conferred upon the holders of the shares of any class issued with preferred or other rights shall not unless otherwise expressly provided by the term of the issue of shares of that class, be deemed to be varied by the creation of issue of further shares ranking pari passu therewith.

## 70. How New Shares To Rank With Shares In Original Capital

Excepts so far as otherwise provided, by the condition of issue or by these presents, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered part of the original capital and shall be subject to the provisions of these presents.

## **BORROWING POWERS**

## 71. Power To Borrow

Subject to the provisions of Chapter V and Sections 179 and 180of the Act, the Board of Directors may from time to time by a resolution passed at a Meeting of the Board and members in general meeting, accept deposits from members, either in advance of calls or otherwise and may generally raise or borrow or secure payment of any sum or sums of money for the Company.

## 72. Payment Or Repayment Of Moneys Borrowed

The repayment of moneys borrowed as aforesaid may be secured in such manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respects as the Board may think fit by a resolution passed at a Meeting of the Board and not by circulation and in particular by the issue of Debentures or debenture stock of the Company or bonds or other commercial paper or by mortgage or charge upon all or any part of the property of the Company (both present and future), and Debentures, debenture stock and other securities may be made assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.

# 73. Debentures To Be Subject To Control Of Directors

Any debenture, debenture stock, bonds or other securities issued or to be issued by the Company shall be under the control of the Directors who may issue them upon such terms and conditions and in such manner and for such consideration as they shall consider to be for the benefit of the Company.

#### 74. 74. TERMS OF ISSUE OF DEBENTURES

Any Debentures, debenture stock or other securities may be issued at a discount, premium, or otherwise and may be issued on condition that they shall be convertible into shares of any denomination, and with any privileges and conditions as to redemption, surrender, drawing, allotment of shares and attending (but not voting) at General meetings, appointment of Directors and otherwise.

# 75. Mortgage Of Uncalled Capital

If any uncalled capital of the Company is included in or charges by any mortgage or other security, Board of Directors shall, subject to the provisions of the Act and these presents, make calls on the members in respect of such uncalled capital in trust for the person in whose favour such mortgage or security is executed or if permitted by the Act, may, by instrument under the Company's seal, authorize the person in whose favour such mortgage or securities is executed, or any other person in trust for him, to make calls on the members in respect of such uncalled capital and the provision hereinbefore contained in regard to calls shall mutatis mutandis be applied to calls made under such authority and such authority may be made exercisable either conditionally or unconditionally and either presently or contingently and either to the exclusion of the Board's power or otherwise, and shall be assignable if expressed to be so.

## 76. Priority Over Charge On Uncalled Capital

Where, any uncalled capital of the Company is charged, all persons taking any subsequent charges thereon shall take the same subject to such prior charge and shall not be entitled by notice to the shareholders or otherwise to obtain priority over such prior charge.

# 77. Indemnity

If the Directors or any of them or any other person become personally liable for the payment of any sum primarily due form the Company, the Directors may execute or cause to be executed any mortgage charge or security over or affecting the whole or any part of the assets of the Company by way of indemnity to secure the Directors or persons so becoming liable as aforesaid item any loss in respect of such liability.

# 78. Register of mortgages etc., to be kept

The Board shall cause a proper Register to be kept in accordance with the provisions of Section 85 of the Act, of all mortgages, debentures and charges specifically affecting the property of the Company and shall cause requirements of Chapter IV of the Act in that behalf to be duly complied with, so far as they may be applicable.

# 79. Register And Index Of Debenture Holdres

The Company, if at any time issues Debentures, shall keep a Register and index of Debenture holders in accordance with Section 88 of the Act and Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014.

## MEETING OF MEMBERS

## 80. Annual General Meting

The Company shall, in each year, hold a General Meeting pursuant to Section 96 of the Act, as its Annual General Meeting in addition to any other meeting in that year. All General meeting other than Annual General Meeting shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings. The Annual General Meeting shall be held within six months from the date of closing of the financial year and not more than fifteen months shall lapse between the date of one Annual General Meeting and that of the next.

Every Annual General Meeting shall be called for a time during business hours on any day that is not a National holiday and shall be held at the office of the Company or at some other place within the city in which the office of the Company is situated as the Board may determine and Notices calling the Meeting shall specify it as the Annual General Meeting. The Company may in any one Annual General Meeting fix the time for its subsequent Annual General Meetings. Every members of the Company shall be entitled to attend either in person or by proxy and the Auditor of the Company shall have the right to attend and to be heard at any General Meeting which he attends or any part of the business which concerns him as auditor. At every Annual General Meeting of the Company there shall be laid on the table the Directors report and Audited Statement of accounts, Auditors report (if not already incorporated in the audited Statement of Accounts) the proxy Register, Register of members of which latter register shall remain open and accessible during the continuance of the meeting. The Board shall cause to be prepared Annual list of members. Summary of share capital, balance sheet and profit and loss account and forward the same to the registrar in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

# 81. Extraordinary General Meeting

The Board may, also subject to Section 100 of the Act, whenever it thinks fit, call an Extraordinary General Meeting and it shall do so upon a requisition in writing by any member or members holding in the aggregate not less than one tenth of such of the paid up capital as at that date carried the right or voting in regard to the matter in respect of which the requisition had been made. Any valid requisition so made must state the object or objects of the meeting proposed to be called, and must be signed by the requisitionists and be deposited at the office.

Any meeting called under the foregoing Article by the requisitionists shall be called in the same manner as nearly as possible as that in which meetings are to be called by the Board.

## 82. Twenty One Days Notice Of Meeting To Be Given

Subject to Section 101 of the Act, at least 21 clear days' notice is a prerequisite for convening General Meeting, Annual or Extra Ordinary and by whomsoever called specifying the day, place and hour of meeting, and the general nature of the business to be transacted thereat shall be given in the manner hereinafter provided, to such persons as are under the provisions of the Act entitled to receive notice from the Company. Provided that a General Meeting with the consent of 95% of members entitled to vote at such meeting may be convened by a shorter notice. In the case of an Annual General Meeting, if any business other than (i) consideration of the Accounts, Balance Sheets and Reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors, (ii) declaration of dividend, (iii) appointment of Directors in place of those retiring, (iv)

appointment of and fixing of remuneration of Auditors is to be transacted, and in the case of any other meetings in any event there shall be annexed to the notice of the meeting a statement setting out all material facts concerning each such item of business, including in particular the nature of the concern or interest, if any, therein of every Director, and the Manager (if any) where any such item of special business relates to, or affects any other Company, the extent of shareholding interest in other Company of every Director, and the Manager, if any of the Company shall also be set out in the statement as per the provisions of the Act.

## 83. Omission To Give Notice Not To Invalidate A Resolution Passed

Any accidental omission to give any such notice, as aforesaid, to any of the members, or non receipt thereof by any member shall not invalidate any resolution passed at any such meeting.

# 84. Resolution Requiring Special Notice

Where by any provision contained in the Act or in these presents, special notice is requires of any resolution, recourse to Section 115 of the Act shall be undertaken.

## 85. Meeting Not To Transact Business Not Mentioned In Notice

No General Meeting, annual of Extra Ordinary, shall be competent to enter upon, discuss or transact any business which has not been mentioned in the notice or notice upon which it was convened.

## 86. Quorum At General Meeting

Subject to Section 103 of the Act, 5 (five) members present in person shall be a quorum for a General Meeting.

If the quorum is not present within half an hour of the appointed time, then the meeting shall be adjourned to the same day next week at the same time and place or such other time and place as the Board may determine, except on national holiday.

However, if the general meeting is called by requisitionists under Section 100, then in case the quorum is not present within half an hour as above, then the meeting will stand cancelled.

## 87. Body Corporate Deemed To Be Present Personally

A body corporate being a member shall be deemed to be personally present if it is represented in accordance with the provisions of Section 113 of the Act.

# 88. Chairman Of General Meeting

The Chairman (if any) of the Board of Directors shall be entitled to take the chair at every General Meeting, whether Annual or Extraordinary, if there be no such Chairman of the Directors, or if at any meeting he shall not be present within fifteen minutes of the time appointed for holding such meeting or if he shall be unable or unwilling to take the chair then the members present shall elect another Director as Chairman, and if no Director be present or if all the Directors present decline to take the chair then the members present shall elect one of their members to be the Chairman.

#### 89. Business Confined To Election Of Chairman Whilst Chair Vacant

No business shall be discussed at any General Meeting except the election of a Chairman, whilst the chair is vacant.

## 90. Chairman With Consent May Adjourn Meeting

The Chairman, with the consent of members may adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.

## 91. Questions At General Meeting How Decided

At any General Meeting resolution put to vote of the Meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is (before or on declaration of the result of voting on any Resolution on show of hands) ordered to be take by the Chairman of the Meeting on his own motion or on a demand made in that behalf by member or members present in person or by proxy and holding shares in the Company which confer the power to vote on the Resolution not being less than one tenth of the total voting power in respect of the Resolution, or on which an aggregate, sum of not less than fifty thousand rupees has been paid up. A declaration by the Chairman that a Resolution has or has not been on a show of hands carried, or has been carried either unanimously, or by a particular majority, and an entry to that effect in the book containing the Minutes of the Proceedings of the General

Meeting of the Company shall be conclusive evidence of the fact, without proof of the number or the proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against the Resolution.

# 92. Chairman's Casting Vote

In the case of an equality of votes, the Chairman shall both on a show of hands and at a poll (if any) have a casting vote in addition to the vote, or voted to which he may be entitled as a member.

## 93. Poll To Be Taken, If Demanded

If a poll is demanded as aforesaid the same shall, subject to Article 93, be taken at such time (not late than forty eight hours from the time when the demand was made) and place, in the city or town in which the office of the Company is for the time being situated and either by voting or by ballot, as the Chairman, shall direct, and either at once or after an interval or adjournment, or otherwise, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded. The demand for a poll may be withdrawn at any time by the person or persons who made the demand.

#### 94. Scrutinisers At Poll

Where a poll is to be taken, the Chairman of the meeting shall appoint two scrutinisers to scrutinise the votes given on the poll and to report thereon to him One of scrutinisers appointed shall always be a member (not being an officer on employee of the Company) present at the meeting provided such a member is available and willing to be appointed. The Chairman shall have power at any time before the result of the poll is declared, to remove a scrutiniser from office and fill vacancies in the office of scrutiniser arising from such removal or from any other cause.

## 95. In What Case Poll Taken Without Adjournment

Any poll demanded on the election of a chairman or on any question of adjournment shall be taken at the meeting forthwith.

## 96. Demand For Poll Not To Prevent, Transaction Of Other Business

The demand for a poll except on the question of the Chairman and of an adjournment shall not prevent the continuation of a meeting for transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll has been demanded.

## **VOTE OF MEMBERS**

#### 97. Members In Arrears Not To Vote

No member shall be entitled to vote either personally or by proxy at any General Meeting or Meeting of a class of shareholders either upon a show of hand or upon a poll in respect of any shares registered in his name on which any calls or other sums presently payable by him have not been paid or in regard to which the Company has exercised, any right of lien.

## 98. Number Of Votes To Which Members Entitled

Every member, not disqualified by the preceding Article shall be entitled to be present and to speak and vote at such meeting, and on a show of hands every member present in person shall have one vote and upon a poll the voting right of every member present in person or by proxy shall be in proportion to his share of the paid up equity share capital of the Company. Provided however, if any preference shareholder be present at any meeting of the Company, save as provided in clause (b) of sub-Section (2) of Section 87 of the Act, he shall have a right to vote only on resolution placed before the meeting which directly affect the rights attached to his preference shares.

# 99. Casting Of Votes By A Member Entitled To More Than One Vote

On a poll taken at a meeting of the Company a member entitled to more than one vote, or his proxy or other person entitled to vote for him, as the case may be, need not, if he votes, use all his votes or cast in the same way all the votes he uses.

# 100. How Members Non-Composement And Minor May Vote

A member of unsound mind or in respect of whom an order has been made by any Court having jurisdiction, in lunacy, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee or other legal guardian and any such committee or guardian may, on poll vote by proxy, if any member be a minor the vote in respect of his shares shall be by his guardian or any one of his guardians if more than one, to be selected in case of dispute by the Chairman of the meeting.

## 101. Vote Of Joint Members

If there be joint registered holders of any shares, any one of such person may vote at any meeting and, if more than one of such joint holders be present at any meeting, then one of the said person so present whose name stands higher on the register shall alone be entitled to speak and to vote in respect of such shares, but the other or others of the joint holders shall be entitled to be present at a meeting. Several executors or administrators of a deceased member in whose name shares stand shall for the purpose of these Articles, be deemed joint holder thereof. The same provisions shall apply in regard to proxies of such joint holders. The joint holder present in person shall have preference over senior joint holders who are present by proxy.

# 102. Voting In Person Or By Proxy

Subject to the provision of Section and present Articles, votes may be given either personally or by proxy.

Every proxy (whether a member or not) shall be appointed in writing under the hand of the appointer or his attorney, or be signed by an officer or any attorney duly authorized by it, and any committee or guardian may also appoint such proxy.

The proxy so appointed shall not have the right to speak at the meeting and have a right to vote only.

# 103. Proxy To Vote Only On A Poll And A Form Of Proxy

A member present by proxy shall be entitled to vote only on a poll.

The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority (if any), under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of that power or authority shall be deposited at the office not later than forty eight hours before the time for holding the meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, and in default, the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.

Every instrument of proxy, whether for a specified meeting or otherwise shall, as nearly as circumstances will admit, be in any of the forms set out and other terms as per Section 105 of the Act, read with relevant Schedule, if any.

# 104. Time For Objections To Votes

No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote, except at any meeting or poll at which such vote shall be tendered, and every vote whether given personally or by proxy, not disallowed at such meeting or poll shall be deemed valid, for all purposes of such meeting or poll whatsoever.

# 105. Chairman Of The Meeting To Be The Judge Of Validity Of Any Vote

The Chairman of any meeting shall be the sole judge of the validity of every vote tendered at such meeting. The Chairman present at the taking of a poll shall be the sole judge of the validity of every vote tendered at such poll.

# 106. Minutes Of General Meeting And Inspection Thereof By Member

Subject to Secretarial Standards issued by the ICSI and applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company shall cause minutes of all proceedings of every General Meeting to be kept accordingly.

#### **DIRECTORS**

#### 107. First Directors

The first Directors of the Company shall be-

- 1. Dr. Dinesh Kumar Goyal, Principle Secretary to the Government of Rajasthan, Public Works Department, Jaipur.
- 2. Mr. Gurdial Singh Sandhu, IAS, Principle Secretary to the Government Of Rajasthan, Urban Development, Local self and housing, Jaipur.
- 3. Mr. Madhukar Gupta, Secretary to the Government of Rajasthan, Transport Department, Jaipur.
- 4. Mr. Abhay Kumar, Secretary to the Government of Rajasthan, Finance (expenditure) Department, Jaipur.
- 5. Mr. Sudhansh Pant, Commisioner, Jaipur Development Authority, Jaipur.
- 6. Mr. Lalit Mehra, Chief Executive Officer, Jaipur Municipal Corporation, Jaipur.
- 7. Mr. Ram Gopal Gupta, CMD, Jaipur Vidyut Vitaran Nigam Limited, Jaipur.

## 108. Number Of Directors

Subject to Section 149 of the Act, the number of Directors shall be at least 3 directors with maximum number as 16, alongwith exemptions applicable to Government Companies. Further, appointment and retirement of Directors is subject to Section 152 of the Act.

## 109. Power To Appoint Nominee Directors

(I) Subject to the provision of Section 152 of the Act, whenever the directors enter into a contract with any Government, Central, State or

Local, or any person or persons for borrowing any money or for providing any guarantee or security or for technical collaboration or assistance or for underwriting or enter into any other arrangement whatsoever, the Directors shall have, subject to the provisions of Section 152 of the Act, the power to agree that, such Government, person or persons shall have the right, to appoint or nominee by a notice in writing addressed to the Company one or more Directors on the Board for such period and upon such condition as may be mentioned in the Agreement and that such Director or Directors may not be liable to retire, nor be required to hold any qualification shares. The Directors may also agree that any such Director or Directors may be removed from time to time by the Government, person or persons entitled to appoint or nominate then and such Government, person or persons may appoint another or others in his or their place and also till in any vacancy which may occur as a result of any such Director or Directors ceasing to hold that office for any reason whatsoever. The Directors appointed or nominated under this Article shall be entitled to exercise and enjoy all or any of the rights and privileges exercised and enjoyed by the Directors of the Company including the payment of remuneration and traveling expenses to such Director or Directors as may be agrees by the Company with such person or persons aforesaid.

(II) Any trust deed securing and covering the issue of debentures of the Company may provide for the appointment of a Director for and on behalf of debenture holders for such period as is therein provided not exceeding the period for which the debentures or any of them shall remain outstanding and for the removal from office of such Director and on a vacancy being caused whether by resignation, death, removal or otherwise, from appointment of a Director in the vacant place. The Director shall not be liable to retire by rotation or be removed from office except as provided as aforesaid.

# 110. Appointment Of Alternate Directors

The Board may appoint any alternate Director to act for a Director (hereinafter called "the Original Director") during his absence for a period of not less than three months from the State in which the meetings of the Board are ordinarily held. An Alternate Director appointed under this Article shall not hold office for a period linger than that permissible to the Original Director in whose place he has been appointed and shall vacate office if and when the Original Director returns to that State. If the term of office of the Original Director is determined before he so returns to that State, any provision in the Act or in these Articles for the automatic reappointment of retiring Director in default of another appointment shall apply to the Original Director and not the Alternate Director.

## 111. Directors Power To Add To The Board

The Board shall have power at any time and from time to time to appoint any other qualified person to be an additional Director, but so that the total number of Director shall not at any time exceed the maximum fixed under Article 108. Any such additional Director shall hold office only up to the date of the next Annual General Meeting.

## 112. Directors Power To Fill Casual Vacancies

Subject to the provisions of Section 161(4), the Board shall have power at any time and from time to time to appoint any other qualified person to be a Director to fill a casual vacancy, any person so appointed shall hold office only up to the date up to which the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held office if it had not been vacated by him.

# 113. Qualifications Of Directors

No Director shall be required to hold any share or qualification shares of the Company.

#### 114. Remuneration Of Directors

- (i) Subject to the provisions of the Act, a Managing Director or Director, who is in the whole time employment of the Company may be paid remuneration either by way of a monthly payment or at a specified percentage of the net profits of the Company or partly by one way and partly by the other.
- (ii) The fees payable to a Director for attending a meeting of the Board or Committee thereof shall be such sum as may be prescribed under the Act and fixed by the Board from time to time

# 115. Travelling Expenses Incurred By Director Not A Bonafide Resident Or By Director Going Out On Company's Business

The Board may allow and pay to any Director, who is not a bonafide resident of the place where meetings of the Boards are ordinarily held and who shall come to such place for the purpose of attending any meeting, such sum as the Board may consider fair compensation for traveling, boarding, lodging and other expenses, in addition to his fee for attending such meeting as above specified, and if any Director be called upon to go or reside out of the ordinary place of his residence on the Company's business, he shall be entitled to be repaid and reimbursed any traveling or other expenses incurred in connection with business of the Company.

# 116. Director May Act Nothwithstanding Any Vacancy

The continuing Directors may act, notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board, but if and so long as their number is reduced below the minimum fixed by Article 108 hereof, the continuing Director or Directors may act for the purpose of increasing the number of Directors to that number, or of summoning a General Meeting, but for no other purpose.

#### 117. When Office Of Directors To Become Vacant

Subject to the provisions of Sections 164 and 167 of the Act, the Office of a Director shall become vacant if:-

- (i) he is found to be of unsound mind by a Court of competent jurisdiction, or
- (ii) he applies to be adjudicated an insolvent and his application is pending, or
- (iii) he has been convicted by a court of any offence, whether involving moral turpitude or otherwise, and sentenced in respect thereof to imprisonment for not less than six months and a period of five years has not elapsed from the date of expiry of the sentence (Provided that if a person has been convicted of any offence and sentenced in respect thereof to imprisonment for a period of seven years or more, he shall not be eligible to be appointed as a director in any company).
- (iv) he is adjudged an insolvent, or
- (v) he fails to pay any call made on him in respect of shares of the Company held by him, whether alone or jointly with others, within six months from the date fixed for the payment of such call unless the Central Government has, by notification in the official Gazette, removed the disqualification incurred by such failure, or
- (vi) he absents himself from all the Meetings of the Board held during a period of twelve months with or without seeking leave of absence of the Board, or
- (vii) he becomes disqualified by an order disqualifying him for appointment as a director passed by a court or Tribunal and the order is in force;
- (viii) he is removed in pursuance of Section 169 of the Act, or
- (ix) he (whether by himself or by any person for his benefit or on his account) or any firm in which he is a partner or any private Company of which he is a Director, accepts, a loan, or any guarantee or security for a loan, from the Company in contravention of Section 186 of the Act, or
- (x) he acts in contravention of Section 184 of the Act, or
- (xi) he is convicted by a court of an offence involving moral turpitude and is sentenced in respect thereof imprisonment for not less than six months, or

- (xii) having been appointed a Director by virtue of his holding any office or other employment in the Company, he ceases to hold such office or other employment in the Company, or
- (xiii) he has not paid any calls in respect of any shares of the company held by him, whether alone or jointly with others, and six months have elapsed from the last day fixed for the payment of the call, or he has been convicted of the offence dealing with related party transactions under section 188 at any time during the last preceding five years; or
- (xiv) he does not have an allotted Director Identification Number as per Section 152 (3) of the Act.

# 118. Director May Contract With The Company

Subject to Sections 184 and 188 of the Act, and with explicit approval of concerned authority, who has nominated it, a Director or his relative may enter into any contract with the Company for sale/purchase or supply of any goods, materials, or services.

A Director of the Company who is, in any way, whether directly or indirectly, concerned or interested in a contract or arrangement, or proposed contract or arrangement entered into or to be entered into, by or on behalf of the Company, shall disclose the nature of his concern or interest at a meeting of the Board in the manner provide in Section 184 (2) & Section 188 of the Act.

#### 119. General Notice Of Interest

A General Notice given to the Board by a Director, to the effect that he is Director or member of a specified body corporate or is member of a specified firm and is to be regarded as concerned or interest in any contract or arrangement which may, after the date of the notice, be entered into with that body corporate or firm, shall be deemed to be a sufficient disclosure of concern or interest in relation to any contract or arrangement so made. Any such general notice shall expire at the end of the financial year in which it is given but may be renewed for a further period of one financial year at a time by a fresh notice given in the last month of the financial year in which it would have otherwise expired. No such general notice, nor any renewal thereof shall be of effect unless, it is given either at a meeting of the Board or the Director concerned takes reasonable steps to secure that it is brought up at the meeting of the Board after it is given.

# 120. Interested Directors Not To Participate Or Vote In Boards Proceedings

No Director shall as a Director, take any part in the discussion of, or vote any contract or arrangement entered into or to be entered into by or on behalf of the Company, if he is any way, whether directly or

indirectly, concerned or interested in such contract or arrangement, nor shall his presence count for the purpose of forming a quorum at the time of any such discussion or vote, and if he does vote, his vote shall be void, provided, however, that nothing herein contained shall apply to,-

- (i) any contract of indemnity against any loss which the Directors, or any one or more of them, may suffer by reason of becoming or being sureties or a surety for the Company.
- (ii) Any contract or arrangement entered into or to be entered into with a public Company or a private Company which is a subsidiary of a public Company in which the interest of the Director consists solely –
- (a) in his being a Director of such Company, and
- (b) the holder of not more than shares of such number or value therein as is required to qualify him for appointment as a director thereof, he having been nominated as such Director by the Company; or
- (c) in his being a member holding not more than 2% of its paid up share capital.

# 121. Register Of Contracts In Which Directors Are Interested

The Company shall keep a Register in accordance with Section 189 of the Act, and shall within the time specified in Section 184(1) enter therein such of the particulars as may be relevant having regard to the application thereto of Section 184(2) or Section 189 of the Act, as the case may be.

# 122. Directors May Be Directors Of Companies Promoted By The Company

A director may be or become a Director of any Company promoted by the Company, or in which it may be interested as a vendor, shareholder, or otherwise, and no such Director shall be accountable for any benefits received as Director or shareholder of such Company except in so far as Section 197 or Section 188 of the Act may be applicable.

## 123. Retirement And Rotation Of Directors

At every Annual General Meeting of the Company, one third of such of the Directors for the time being as are liable to retire by rotation, or if their number is not three or a multiple of three the number nearest of one third shall retire from office.

# 124. Ascertainment Of Directors Retiring By Rotation And Filling Of Vacancies

Subject to Section 152 of the Act the Directors to retire by rotation under Article 123 at every Annual General Meeting shall be those who have been longest in office since their last appointment but as between persons who become Directors on the same day, those who are to retire, shall, in default of and subject to any agreement among themselves, be determined by lot.

# 125. Eligibility For Re-Election

A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election.

# 126. Company May Increase Or Reduce The Number Of Directors

Subject to Section 149 of the Act, the Company may, by Ordinary Resolution, from time to time, increase or reduce the number of Directors and may alter their qualifications.

# 127. Disclosure By Director Of Appointment To Any Other Body Corporate

Every Director (including a person deemed to be a Director by virtue of the Explanation to Sub-Section (1) of Section 170 of the Act), Managing Director or Manager and Secretary of the Company shall within twenty days of his appointment to any of the appointment to any of the above offices in any other body corporate, disclose in the Company particulars relating to his office in the other body or bodies corporate which are required to be specified under Sub-Section (1) on Section 170 of the Act.

## 128. Managing Director, Whole-Time Director And Other Directors

(a) Subject to the provisions of Section 2(54) of the Act, the Board may, from time to time, appoint one or more Directors to be Managing and/or Whole Time Directors of the Company, and may, from time to time remove or dismiss him from office and appoint another or other in his place of their places.

Provided that till the Government of Rajasthan (including its bodies, authorities, undertakings, corporation(s), etc) holds at least 25% of the Issued Share Capital of the Company, the Managing director of the Company shall be a Nominee of Government of Rajasthan.

(b) So long as the Government of Rajasthan holds at least 51% of the Issued Share Capital of the Company, it shall have the right, by notice

in writing addressed to the Company to nominate all the persons for appointment as Directors on the Board of the Company. The Government of Rajasthan shall be entitled at any time to remove its respective designee Directors and to nominate for appointment other persons to fill their positions. Upon a vacancy arising in such positions for any reason whatsoever including resignation, death or removal of any person so appointed, the Government of Rajasthan can nominate for appointment another person to fill such position.

- (c) Subject to the provisions of Sec. 152 of the Act and subject to above proviso, a Managing or a whole time Director shall not, while he continues to hold that office be subject to retirement by rotation but he shall be reckoned as a Director for the purpose of determining retirement of Directors by rotation, and in fixing the number of Directors to retire and subject to the same provisions as to removal as the other Directors, and he shall ipso-facto and immediately, cease to be a Managing or a Whole time Director if he ceases to hold the office of Director for any cause.
- (d) The Board may designate Whole-time directors as Executive Director, Technical Director, Finance Director or other suitable designations with such powers and on such terms and conditions as the Board may deem fit.

# 129. Powers Of The Managing Director

Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956, the Board of Directors may from time to time entrust to or confer upon the Managing Director such powers as they may think fit and may confer such powers for such time and to be exercised for such objects and purposes and with such restrictions as they may think fit and such powers may be conferred collaterally with or to the exclusion of and in substitution of all or any of the powers. The Managing Director is entitled to exercise the following powers:

- (a) For the due implementation of the policies / decisions taken by the Board, the Managing Director may exercise general superintendence and supervision over the working of all constituent units of the Company. The Managing Director shall be the Chief Executive of the Company.
- (b) Subject to the general control, superintendence and guidance of the Board, the Managing Director shall have the powers to manage the whole of the affairs of the Company on day to day basis. The implementation of rules, regulations and directions issued by Board, shall be through the Managing Director of the Company. All the other Whole time Directors and Officers shall be the subordinate to the

Managing Director and shall be under the control, direction and superintendence of the Managing Director and shall be required to carry out the instructions relating to rules and regulations, and directions issued by him.

(c) The Managing Director may be authorized by the Board to delegate such of his powers as he may think fit to other officers of the Company subordinate to him.

# 130. Restriction on Management

The Managing Director(s) shall not exercise the powers to:

- (i) Make calls on shareholders in respect of money unpaid on shares in the Company.
- (ii) Issue debentures and except to the extent mentioned in the resolution passed at the Board meeting under Section 179 of the Act, shall also not exercise the power to:
  - (a) borrow moneys, otherwise than on debenture,
  - (b) invest the funds of the Company, and
  - (c) make loans.

# 131. Certain Persons Not To Be Appointed Managing Directors

The Company shall not appoint, or employ, or continue the appointment of a person as its Managing or Whole Time Director who

- (i) is an undischarged insolvent or has at any time been adjudged an insolvent,
- (ii) suspends, or has at any time suspended, payment to his creditors, or makes or has, at many time, made a composition with them, or
- (iii) is or has any time been convicted by a Court of an offence involving moral turpitude.

## 132. Special Position Of Managing Director

A Managing Director shall ipso-facto and immediately ceases to be a Managing Director if he ceases to hold the office of a Director.

## PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

## 133. Meeting Of Directors

The Directors may meet together as a Board for the dispatch of Business from time to time and shall so meet at least once in every three months and thereafter to hold a minimum four meetings of its Board of Directors every year in such a manner that not more than one hundred twenty days shall intervene between two consecutive meetings of the Board. The Directors may adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings as they think fit and as per the provisions of the Act.

# 134. Notice Of Meetings

Subject to adherence of Secretarial Standards and provisions of the Act, notice of every meeting of the Board shall be given in writing to every Director for the time being in India and at his usual address in India provided that the Chairman of the Board shall have the power to convene a meeting on shorter notice.

## 135. Quorum

Subject to provisions of Section 173 & 174 of the Act, the quorum for a meeting of the Board shall be one third of its total strength (excluding Directors, if any whose place may be vacant at the time and any fraction contained in the one-third being rounded off as one), or three Directors, whichever is higher, provided that where at any time the number of interested Directors exceeds or is equal to two third of the total strength the number of Directors who are not interested, present at the meeting being not less than three, shall be the quorum during such time.

# 136. Adjournment Of Meeting For Want Of Quorum

If meeting of the Board could not be held for want of a quorum, then, the meeting shall stand adjourned to such other date and time (if any) as by notice may be fixed by the Chairman or the Meeting shall automatically stand adjourned to the same day in the next week, at the same time and place or, if that day is a National Holiday, to the next succeeding day which is not a National Holiday, at the same time and place. If there is no Quorum at the adjourned Meeting also, the Meeting shall stand cancelled.

## 137. When Meeting To Be Convened

The Secretary shall, as and when directed by the Directors to do so, convene a meeting of the Board by giving a notice in writing to every Director, in accordance with provisions of Section 173 of the Act.

#### **CHAIRMAN**

## 138. Chairman

The Board of Directors shall have the right to appoint one of the Directors of the Company to be the Chairman of the Board. On a vacancy occurring in such office from any cause whether by death, removal, retirement or otherwise, the Board shall have the right to appoint another Director in the vacancy and the Director so appointed shall then be the Chairman.

Provided that till the Government of Rajasthan (including its bodies, authorities, undertakings, corporation(s), etc) holds at least 25% of the Issued Share Capital of the Company, the Chairman of the Company shall be a Nominee of Government of Rajasthan.

# 139. Question And Board Meetings How Decided

The questions arising at meeting of the Board of Directors or a Committee thereof shall be decided by a majority of votes and in the case an equality of votes, the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote.

#### 140. Powers Of Board

A meeting of the Board for the time being at which quorum is available shall be competent to exercise all or any of the authorities, powers and discretions, which by or under the Act or the Articles of the Company are for the time being vested in or exercisable by the Board generally.

# 141. Directors May Appoint Committee

Subject to the restriction contained in Section 177, 178 & 179 of the Act, the Board may delegate any of their powers to Committee of the Board consisting of such Member or members of its body as it thinks fit, and it may from time to time revoke and discharge any such committee of the Board either wholly or in part and either as to persons or purposes, but every Committee of the Board so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so delegated conform to any regulations that may from time to time be imposed on it by the Board. All acts done by any such Committee of the Board in conformity with such regulations and in fulfillment of the purposes of their appointment but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board.

## 142. Meeting Of Committee

The meeting and proceedings of any such committee of the Board consisting of two or more members shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Directors, so far as the same are applicable thereto and or not superseded by any regulations made by the Directors under the last preceding Article.

Unless otherwise stipulated in the Act or the Articles or under any other law, the Quorum for and frequency of conducting the Meetings of any Committee constituted by the Board shall be as specified by the Board.

# 143. Resolution By Circulation

Subject to the provisions Sections 175 and 179 of the Act, read with the Rules to the effect, the Board or a Committee of the Board may pass a resolution by circulation.

# 144. Acts Of Board Or Committee Not Valid Notwithstanding Informal Appointment

All acts done by a meeting of the Board or by a Committee or the Board or by any person acting as a Director shall notwithstanding that it shall afterwards, be discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of such Director or persons acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified or had vacated office or that the appointment of any of them had been terminated by virtue of any provisions contained in the Act or in these Articles, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a Director and had not vacated his office or his appointment had not been terminated, provided that nothing in this Article shall be deemed to give validity to acts done by a Director after his appointment has been shown to the Company to be invalid or to have terminated.

## 145. Minutes Of Proceedings Of Meetings Of The Board

The Company shall cause minutes of all proceedings of every meeting of the Board and Committee thereof to be maintained in adherence to the provisions of the Act and the Secretarial Standards issued by the ICSI.

## 146. Restrictions On The Powers Of Directors

As per Sections 179 & 180 of the Act, the Board may exercise all such powers of the Company and do all such acts and things as are not, by the Act, or any other Act by the Memorandum or by the Articles of the Company required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting.

## 147. General Powers Of The Board

Without prejudice to the general powers conferred by the last preceding Article and so as not in any way to limit or restrict those powers, and without prejudice to the other powers conferred by these Article, but subject to the restrictions contained in the last preceding Article, it is hereby declared that Directors shall have the following powers, that is to say power –

- (i) To pay costs, charges and expenses preliminary and incidental to promotion, formation, establishment and registration of the Company.
- (ii) To pay and charge to the capital account of the Company any commission or interest lawfully payable there-out under the provisions of Section 40 of the Act.
- (iii) Subject to the provisions of Section 188 of the Act to purchase or otherwise acquire for the Company any property, rights or privileges which the Company is authorized to acquire, at or for such price or consideration and generally on such terms an conditions as they may think fit, and in any such purchase or other acquisition to accept such title as the Directors may believe or may be advised to be reasonably satisfactory.
- (iv) At their discretion and subject to provisions of the Act to pay for any property, rights or privileges acquired by or services rendered to the Company, either wholly or partially, in cash or in shares, bonds debentures, mortgages, or other security of the Company, and any such shares may be issued either as fully paid or with such amount credited as paid up there on as may be agreed upon and any such bonds, debentures, mortgages or other securities may be either specifically charged upon all or any part of the property of the Company and its uncalled capital or not so charged.
- (v) To secure fulfillment of any contract or arrangement entered into by the Company by mortgage or charge of all or any of the properties of the Company and its uncalled capital for the time being or in such manner as they may think fit.
- (vi) To accept from any member, as far as may be permissible by law, a surrender of his shares or any part thereof, on such terms and conditions as shall be agreed.
- (vii) To appoint any person to accept and hold in trust for the Company any property belonging to the Company in which it is interested, or for any other purposes, and to execute and do all such deeds and things as may be required in relation to any trust, and to provide for the remuneration of such trustee or trustees.
- (viii) To institute, conduct, defend, compound, or abandon any legal proceedings by or against the Company or its officers on otherwise concerning the affairs of the Company and also to compound and allow time for payment or satisfaction of any debts due and of any claim or demands by or against the Company and do refer any differences, to arbitration, and observe and perform any awards made thereon.

- (ix) To act on behalf of the Company in all matters relating to bankrupts and insolvents.
- (x) To make and give receipts, releases, and other discharges for moneys payable to the Company and for the claims and demands of the Company.
- (xi) Subject to provisions of Sections 180 and 181 of the Act, to invest and deal with any moneys of the Company not immediately required for the purpose thereof upon such security (not being shares of this Company) or without security and in such manner as they may think fit, and from time to time vary or realize such investments. All investments shall be made and held in the Company's own name.
- (xii) To execute in the name and on behalf of the Company in favour of any Director or other person who may incur or be about to incur any personal liability (whether as principal or surety) for the benefit of the Company, such mortgages of the Company's property (present and future) as they think fit, and any such mortgage may contain a power of sale and such other powers, provisions, covenant and agreements as shall be agreed upon.
- (xiii) To determine, from time to time who shall be entitled to sign, on the Company's behalf, bills, receipts, acceptance, endorsements, cheques, dividend warrants, releases, contracts and documents and to give the necessary authority for such purpose.
- (xiv) To distribute by way of bonus amongst the staff of the Company a share or shares in the profits of the Company, and give to any officer or other person/employee by the Company, a commission on the profits of any particular business or transaction and to charge such, bonus or commission as part of working expenses of the Company.
- (xv) To provide for the welfare of Directors or ex-Directors or employees or ex-employees of the Company and their wives, widows and families or the dependents or connections of such persons, by building or contributing to the building or contributing to the building of house, dwelling or chawls, or by grants of money pension, gratuities, allowances, bonus or other payments or by creating and from time to time subscribing or contributing to, provident and other associations, institutions, funds or trusts and by providing or subscribing or contributing towards places of instruction and recreation, hospitals and dispensaries, medical and other attendance and other assistance as the Board shall think fit, and to subscribe or contribute or otherwise to assist or to guarantee money, to any charitable, benevolent, religious, scientific, national or other institutions or object which shall have any moral, or other claim to support or aid by the Company, either by reason of locality of operation or of public and general utility or otherwise.
- (xvi) Before recommending and dividend, but subject to the provision of Sections 123 and 124 of the Act and there-under to set aside out of the profits of the Company such sums as they may think proper for Depreciation or Depreciation Fund or to an Insurance Fund, or as a

Reserve Fund or Sinking Fund or any Special Fund to meet contingencies or to repay debentures or debenture stock on for special dividends or for equalizing dividends or for repairing, improving, extending and maintaining any of the properties of the Company and for such other purposes (including purpose referred to in the preceding clause), as the Board may, in their absolute discretion, think conducive to the interest, of the Company, and subject to provisions of Sections 180 and 181 of the Act, to invest the several sums so set aside or so much thereof as require to be invested upon such investments (other than shares of the Company) as they may think fit, and from time to time deal with and very such investments and dispose of and apply and expend all or any part thereof for the benefit of the Company, in such manner and for such purpose as the Board in their absolute discretion, think conducive to the interest of the Company, notwithstanding that the matters to which the Board apply or upon which they expend the same, or any part thereof may be matters to or upon which the capital moneys of the Company might rightly be applied or expended and to divide the Reserve Fund into such special funds as the Board may think fit, with full power to transfer the whole or any portion of an Reserve Fund or division of a Reserve Fund to another Reserve Fund or division of a Reserve Fund and with full power to employ the assets constituting all or any of the assets constituting all or any of the above funds, including Depreciation fund, in the Business of the Company or in the Purchase or repayment of Debentures or debenture stockm and without being bound to keep the same separate from other assets and without being bound to pay interest on the same with power however, to the Board at their discretion to pay or allow to the credit of such funds interest at such rate as the Board may think proper, not exceeding nine per cent per annum.

(xvii) To appoint one or more Directors as whole time Directors and designate them as Executive Directors, Technical Director, Finance Director etc. with such powers and on such terms and conditions as the Board may deem fit.

(xviii)To appoint, and at their discretion remove or suspend such experts, technicians, advisors, officers, managers, secretaries, assistants, supervisors, clerks, agents and servants for permanent, temporary or special services as they may from time to time think fit, and to determine their powers and duties, and fix their salaries or emoluments remuneration, and to require security in such instances and of such amount as they may think fit, and also from time to time to provide for the management and transaction of the affairs of the Company in any specified locality in India or elsewhere in such manner as they think fit and provisions contained in the four following sub clauses shall be without prejudice to the general powers conferred by this sub clause.

- (xix) To comply with the requirements of any local law which, in their opinion, it shall be in the interest of the Company be necessary or expedient to comply with.
- (xx) From time to time and at any time to establish any Local Board for managing any of the affairs of the Company in any specified locality in India or elsewhere and to appoint any persons to be members of such Local Boards, and to fix their remuneration.
- (xxi) Subject to the provisions of Section 179 of the Act, from time to time, and at any time to delegate to any person so appointed any of the powers, authorities and discretions for the time being vested in the Board, other than their power to make calls or to issue debentures and to authorize Members, for the time being, of any such Local Board, or any of them to fill up any vacancy therein and to act, notwithstanding vacancies, and any such appointment or delegation may be made on such terms and subject to such conditions as the Board may think fit and the Board may, at any time, remove any person so appointed, and may annul any such delegation.
- (xxii) At any time and from time to time, by Power of Attorney under the seal of the Company, to appoint any person or persons to be the Attorney or Attorneys of the Company, for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Board under these presents and excluding the power to make calls and to issue debentures and excluding, also except in their limits authorized by the Board the power to make loans and borrow moneys) any for such period any subject to such conditions as the Board may from time to time think fit and any such appointment may (if the Board thinks fit) be made in favour of the members of any of the Members of any Local Boards, established as aforesaid or in favour of any Company, or the shareholder directors, nominees or managers of any Company or firm or otherwise in favour of any fluctuating body of persons whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Board and any such Power of Attorney may contain such powers for the protection or convenience of persons dealing with such Attorneys as the Board may think fit, and may contain powers enabling any such delegates or attorneys as aforesaid to sub-delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions for the time being vested in them.

(xxiii)From time to time to make, very and repeal by-laws for the regulation of the business of the Company, its officers, and servants.

#### **MANAGEMENT**

# 148. Prohibition Of Simultaneous Appointment Of Different Categories Of Managerial Personnel

Subject to applicability of Section 203 of the Act, the Company shall not appoint or employ at any time more than one of the following categories of managerial personnel, namely:

- (i) Managing Director, and
- (ii) Manager

#### **SECRETARY**

# 149. Secretary

- (i) The Directors may, from time to time, appoint a person at such remuneration and upon such terms and conditions as they may think fit (hereinafter called "the Secretary") to perform functions which by the Act and the Articles for the time being of the Company are to be performed by the Secretary and to execute and other duties which may from time to time be assigned to the Secretary by the Directors and at their discretion the Directors may remove the person so appointed. The Directors may also from time to time appoint one or more Joint Secretaries or Additional Secretaries and Branch Office Secretary to perform any or all of the functions of the Secretary and at their discretion the Director may remove one or more Joint Secretaries or Additional Secretaries or Branch Office Secretary so appointed.
- (ii) The Directors may, at any time, appoint a temporary substitute for the Secretary, who shall, for the purposes of these presents, be deemed to be the Secretary.

#### 150. Deeds How Executed

Every deed or other instrument shall, unless the same is executed by a duly constituted attorney, be signed by two Directors or one Director and Secretary or some other person appointed by the Board for the purpose.

# 151. Maintenance Of Registers

The Company shall keep and maintain Registers as required by the Act including the following:

- (i) Register of Investments made by the Company but not held in its own name, as required by Section 187 of the Act and shall keep it open for inspection of any member or debenture holder of the Company without charge.
- (ii) Register of Charges as required and shall keep it open for inspection of any creditor or member of the Company.

- (iii) Register of members pursuant to Section 88(1)(a) of the Act and Rule 3 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 and shall keep it open for inspection by any member or debenture holder without fee, except when Register is closed.
- (iv) Register of Debenture holders pursuant Section 88(1)(b) of the Act and Rule 4 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 and shall keep it open for inspection by any member or debenture holder without fee, except when the register is closed.
- (v) Register of Contracts in which Directors are interested, as required by Section 189 of the Act and Rule 16 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 and shall keep it open for inspection by any member without fee.
- (vi) Register as to the Holdings by Directors of share and debentures in the Company as required by Section 307 of the Act shall keep it open for inspection by any member or debenture holder of the Company on any working day during the period beginning 14 days before the date of Company's Annual General Meeting and ending 3 days after the date of its conclusion.
- (vii) Register of investments in shares or debentures of bodies corporate according to Section 187 of the Act.
- (viii) Books of Account in accordance with provisions of Section 128 of the Act.
- (ix) Copy of instrument creating any charge requiring registration.
- (x) Copies of Annual Returns prepared under Section 92 of the Act together with copies of certificates and documents required to be annexed thereto.
- (xi) Register of Renewed and Duplicate Certificates.

Copies of entries in the above Registers shall be furnished to the persons entitled to the same. The Company shall allow facility of inspection of the above Registers by persons entitled to the same on any working day between 3.00p.m. and 5.00 p.m.

## **ANNUAL RETURNS**

#### 152. Annual Returns

The Company shall prepare requisite Annual Returns in accordance with Section 92 of the Act and Rules made there under, and shall file the same with the Registrar of Companies in accordance with the Act.

#### **DIVIDENDS**

## 153. Division Of Profits

The profits of the Company, subject to provisions of Sections 123, 124, 126 and 127 of the Act and subject to any special rights relating thereto created or authorized to be created by these Articles and subject to provisions of these Articles shall be divisible among the members in proportion to the amount of capital paid up or credited as paid upon the shares by them respectively.

# 154. The Company In General Meeting May Declare A Dividend

The Company in a General Meeting may declare dividends to be paid to the members according to their respective rights but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board, but the Company in General meeting may declare a smaller dividend.

# 155. Dividends Only To Be Paid Out Of Profits

Subject to provisions of Sections 123 and 124 of the Act, no dividend shall be declared or paid otherwise than out of profits of a financial year arrived at after providing for depreciation in accordance with provisions of Section 123 of the Act or out of the profits of the Company for any previous financial year or years arrived at after providing depreciation in accordance with these provisions and remaining undistributed or out of both.

# 156. Interim Dividend

The Board may from time to pay to the members such interim dividends as in their judgment the position of the Company justifies.

# 157. Capital Paid Up In Advance Not To Earn Dividend

Where capital is paid in advance of calls such capital may carry interest but shall not in respect thereof confer a right to dividend or participate in profits.

## 158. Dividends In Proportion To Amount Paid Up

All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid, but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend, as from a particular date, such share shall rank for dividend accordingly.

## 159. Dividend Etc. To Joint Holders

Any one of several persons who are registered as the joint holders of any share may give effectual receipts for all dividends or bonus and payments on account of dividends or bonus or other moneys payable in respect of such shares.

# 160. No Member To Receive Dividend Whilst Indebted To The Company And Company's Rights Or Reimbursement There-Out

No member, whilst indebted to the Company in respect of share money, shall be entitled to receive payment of any interest or dividend in respect of his share or shares or otherwise howsoever either alone or jointly with any other person or persons and the Board may deduct from the interest or dividend payable, to any member all sum of money so due from him to the Company.

## 161. Transfer Of Shares Must Be Registered

A transfer of shares shall not pass the right to any dividend declared thereon before the registration of the transfer.

## 162. Dividends How Remitted

Unless otherwise directed, any dividend may be paid by cheque or through NEFT/RTGS or any other method of online payment/transfer or warrant by a pay slip or receipt having the force of a cheque or warrant sent by post to the registered address of the member or person entitled to. Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent. The Company shall not be liable or responsible for any cheque or warrant or pay slip or receipt lost in transmission or for any dividend lost to the member or person entitled thereof by the forged endorsement of any cheque or warrant or the forges signature or any pay slip or receipts or the fraudulent recovery of the dividend by any other means.

## 163. Unclaimed Dividends

No unpaid and unclaimed dividend shall be surfeited by the Board unless the claim thereto becomes barred by Law. Any dividend which remained unpaid and unclaimed after having been declared shall be dealt with as per provisions of Sections 123 and 124 of the Act.

# 164. Dividend And Call Together

Any General Meeting declaring a dividend may, on the recommendation of the Directors, make a call on the members of such amount as the meeting fixes, but so that the call on each member shall not exceed the dividend, payable to him and so that the call be made payable at the same time as the dividend, and the dividend may, if so arranges between the Company and the member, be set off against the calls.

#### RESERVE AND DEPRECIATION FUNDS

#### 165. Reserve Fund

The Directors may form time to time before recommending and dividend set apart any such portion of the profits of the Company as they think fit as a Reserve Fund to meet contingencies or for the liquidation of any debentures, debts or other liabilities of the Company, for equalization of dividends or for repairing, improving and maintaining any of the property of the Company and for such other purpose of the Company as the Directors in their absolute discretion think conducive to the interest of the Company any may invest the several sums so set aside upon such investment (other than shares of the Company) as they may think fit and from time to time to deal with and vary such investments and dispose of all or any part thereof for the benefit of the Company and may divide the Reserve Fund into such special funds as they think fir with full power to transfer the whole or any portion of Reserve Fund to another Reserve Fund or a division of a Reserve Fund and also with full power to employ the Reserve Funds or any part thereof in the business of the Company separate form other assets and without being bound to pay interest on the same with power, however to the Board in their discretion to pay or allow to the credit of such funds interest at such a rate as the Board may think proper.

## 166. Depreciation Fund

The Directors may form time to time recommending any dividend, set apart any such portion of the profits of the Company, as they think fit, as a depreciation fund applicable at the discretion of the Directors, for providing fund applicable at the discretion of the Directors, for providing against any depreciation in the investments of the Company, destroyed or damaged by fire, flood, storm, tempest, earthquake, accident, riot, wear and tear or nay other means whatsoever and for repairing, altering and keeping in good condition the property of the Company or for extending and enlarging the building, machinery and property of the Company applicable subject to dividend and such moneys and all the other moneys of the Company may be invested by the Directors in or upon such investments or securities as they may select or may be used as working capital or may be kept at any bank on deposit or otherwise as the Directors may form time to time think proper.

# 167. Investment Of Moneys

All moneys carries to any reserve and depreciation fund respectively shall nevertheless remain and be profits of the Company applicable subject to due provisions being made for actual loss or depreciation, for payment of dividend and such moneys and all the other moneys of the Company may be invested by the Directors in or upon such investment or securities as they may select may be used as working capital or may be kept at any bank or deposit or otherwise as the Directors may from time to time think proper

#### **CAPITALISATION**

# 168. Capitalization

- (i) The Company in a General Meeting may resolve that any amount standing to the credit of reserve funds or any Capital Redemption Reserve Account or in the hands of the Company and available for dividend (or representing premium received on the issue of shares and standing to the credit of the Securities/Share Premium Account) be capitalized and distributed amongst such of the Shareholders as would be entitled to receive the same if distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions on the footing that they become entitled thereto as capital and that all or any part of such capitalized fund be applied on behalf of such shareholders in paying up in full either at par or at such premium as the Resolution may provide, any un-issued shares of the Company, which shall be distributed accordingly or in or towards payment of the uncalled liability on any issued shares and that such distribution or payment shall be accepted by such shareholders in full satisfaction of their interest in the said capitalized sum, provided that s Securities /Share Premium Account and Capital Redemption Reserve Account may, for the purpose of these articles be only applied in the paying of any un-issued shares to be issued to members of the Company as fully paid bonus shares.
- (ii) A General Meeting may resolve that any surplus money arising form the realization of any capital assets of the Company, or any

- investments representing the same, or any other undistributed profits of the Company not subject to charge for income tax be distributed among, the members on the footing that they received the same as capital.
- (iii) For the Purposes of giving effect to any resolution under the preceding paragraphs of this Article, the Board may settle any difficulty which may arise in regard to the distribution as it, thinks expedient and in particular may issue fractional certificates and may fix the value for distribution of any specific assets and may determine that such cash payments shall be made to any member upon the footing of the value so fixed or that fractions of value less than Rs. 10 may be disregarded in order, to adjust the rights of all parties and may vest any such cash or specific assets in trustees upon such trust for the persons entitled to the dividend or capitalized funds as may seen expedient to the Board. Where requisite, a proper contract shall be delivered to the Registrar for registration in accordance with Section 75 of the Companies Act, 1956 and the Board appoints any person to sign such contract on behalf of the person entitled to the dividend or capitalized fund and such appointment shall be effective.

#### **ACCOUNTS**

# 169. Directors To Keep True Accounts

The Company shall keep at the office or at such other place in India, as the Board thinks fit, proper books of account in accordance with Section 128 of the Act.

The Company shall also keep and maintain all such books and records and preserve in good order relating to a period of not less than 8 (eight) years preceding the current year together with vouchers as may be and are prescribed under Sections 128 and 129 of the Act.

Where the Company has a branch office, whether in or outside India, the Company shall be deemed to have complied with this Article if proper Books of Account relating to the transactions effected at the branch office are kept at the branch office and proper summarized returns, made up to date at intervals of not more than three months, are sent by the branch office to the Company at its office or other place in India, at which the Company's Books of Accounts are kept as aforesaid.

The Books of Account shall give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company or branch office, as the case may be, and explain its transactions. The Books of Account and other books and papers shall be open to inspection by any Director during business hours.

# 170. As To Inspection Of Accounts Or Books By Members

The Board shall from time to time determine whether and to what extent and at what times and places and under what conditions or regulations the accounts and books of the Company or any of them shall be open to inspection, be members, not being Directors and no Member (not being a Director) shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company except as conferred by law or authorized by the Board.

# 171. Statement Of Accounts To Be Furnished To General Meeting

The Directors shall, from time to time, in accordance with provisions of Sections 129, 133 and 134 of the Act, cause to be prepared and to be laid before the Company in Annual General Meeting, such Balance Sheets, Profit and Loss Accounts and Reports as are required by these Sections.

# 172. Copies Shall Be Sent To Each Member

A copy of every balance sheet (including profit and loss account, the auditors report and every other document required by law to be annexed or attached, as the case may be, to the balance sheet) which is to be laid before or Company in the General Meeting shall be made available for inspection at the Registered Office of the Company during working hours for a period of twenty one days before the date of the Meeting and a statement containing salient features of such documents in the prescribed form or copies of documents as aforesaid, as the Company may deem fit, will be sent to every member of the Company and to every Trustee for the holders of any debenture issued by the Company, not less than twenty one days before the dated of the Meeting at which such documents are to be laid.

## 173. Accounts To Be Audited

Auditors shall be appointed and their rights and duties regulated in accordance with Sections 139 to 147 of the Act.

## 174. AUDITORS

The Auditors of the Company shall be appointed by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India (C&AG) and ratified by Members in General Meeting. However, Members may delegate this power to the Board. Further, the Board may appoint auditors other than statutory auditors as per the provisions of the Act.

## 175. Remuneration Of Auditors

The Remuneration of the Auditors of the Company shall be fixed by the Company in General Meeting except that the remuneration of the Auditors appointed to fill any causal vacancy may be fixed by the Directors, subject to provisions of the Act.

## 176. Power And Duties Of The Auditors

The Powers and duties of the Auditors of the Company shall be as laid down in Section 143 of the Act.

## 177. Audit Of Branch Offices

The Company shall comply with provisions of Section 143 of the Act, in relation to the audit of the accounts of branch offices of the Company excepts to the extent to which any exemption may be granted by the Central Government in that behalf.

# 178. Reading And Instruction Of Auditors' Report

The Auditors Report shall be read before the Company in general meeting and shall be open to inspection by any member of the Company.

#### 179. When Account To Be Deemed Conclusive

Every account when audited and approved by a General Meeting shall be conclusive.

#### **DOCUMENTS AND NOTICES**

# 180. Services Of Documents Or Notices On Members By The Company

A document or notice may be served or given upon members/personal representatives, etc., by the Company in compliance with the provisions of Section 20 of the Act.

## 181. By Advertisement

A document or notice advertised in a newspaper circulating in the neighborhood of the office shall be deemed to be duly served or sent on the day on which the advertisement appears on or to every member who has no registered address in India and has not supplied to the Company an address within India for serving of document on or sending of notices to him.

## 182. On Joint-Holder

A document or notice may be served or given by the Company on or to the joint holders of a share by serving or giving the document or notice on or to the joint holder named first in the Register of members in respect of such share.

## 183. On personal representatives etc.

A document or notice may be served or given by the Company on or to the persons entitled to a share in consequences of the death or insolvency of a member by sending it through post in a prepaid letter addressed to them by name, or by the title of representatives of the deceased or assigns of the insolvent or by any like description at the address (if any) in India supplied for the purpose by persons claiming to be entitled to or (until such an address has been so supplied), by serving the document or notice in any manner in which the same might have been given if the death or insolvency had not occurred.

#### 184. To Whom Documents Or Notices Must Be Served Or Given

Documents or notice of every General Meeting shall be served or given in the same manner herein before authorized on or to (a) every member, (b) every person entitled to share in consequence of death or insolvency of a member and, (c) the Auditors for the time being of the Company.

# 185. Members Bound By Documents Or Notices Served On Or Given To Previous Holders

Every person, who by operation of law, transfer or other means whatsoever shall become entitled to any share shall be bound by every document or notice in respect of such share which previously to his name and address being entered on the Register of members, shall have been duly served or given to the person from whom he derived his title to such shares.

## 186. Document Or Notice By Company And Signature Thereto

Any documents or notice to be served or given by the Company may be signed by a Director or some person duly authorized by the Board of Directors for such purpose and the signature thereto may be written, printed or lithographed.

# 187. Service Of Document Or Notice By Member

All document or notices to be served or given by member on the Company or any officer thereof shall be served or given by sending it to the Company or officer at the office by post under a certificate of posting or by registered post or by leaving it at the office.

#### WINDING UP

# 188. Liquidator may divide assets in specie

Winding up when necessary will be done in accordance with the requirements of the Act.

## INDEMNITY AND RESPONSIBILITY

# 189. Directors and others right of indemnity

Subject to the provisions of the Act, every Director, Manager, Auditor, Secretary and other officers or servants of the Company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application under Section 463 of the Act, in which relief is granted to him by the Court.

#### **SECRECY CLAUSE**

# 190. Secrecy Clause

- (i) Every Director, Manager, Auditor, Secretary, Trustee, member of a Committee, Officer, servant, agent, accountant or other person employed in the business of the Company shall, if so required by the Directors before entering upon his duties sign a declaration pledging himself to observe strict secrecy in respect of all transactions and affairs of the Company with customers and the state of the accounts with individuals and in matters relating thereto and shall, by such declaration, pledge himself not to reveal any of the matters which may come to his knowledge in the discharge of his, duties except when required to do so by the Directors or by law or by the person to whom such matters relate and except so far as may be necessary in order to comply with any of the provisions in these presents contained.
- (ii) No member shall be entitled to visit or inspect any works of the Company without the permission of the Director or to require discovery of or any information respecting any details of the Company's trading, or any matter which is or may be in the nature of a trade secret,

mystery of trade, secret process or any other matter which may relate to the conduct of business of the Company and which in the opinion of the Directors it would be inexpedient in the interest of the Company to disclose.

New set of Articles of Association of the Company has been adopted as per the Companies Act, 2013 in place of the existing Articles of Association by passing special resolution at extra ordinary general meeting held on 09.08.2019.

Sl. No.	Signature, Name, Description, Address and occupation of the Subscriber	Signature, name, address, Description and Occupation of Witness
1.	All subscribers (1 to 7 below are Nominee of H.E. the Governor of Rajasthan Sd/- (Gurdial Singh Sandhu) S/o Sh. Ajaib Singh Sandhu H. No. B-7/1, M.S. Flats, R.K. Puram, New Delhi Service- I.A.S.Pr. Secretary UDH & LSG GOR Sd/-	
2.	(Abhay Kumar) S/o Sh. Arimardan Singh R/o 675, sirsi road, Hanuman Nagar Ext., Vaishali Nagar, Jaipur, Rajathan Service- I.A.S. – Secretary (F) GOR Sd/- (Dr. Dinesh Kumar Goyal)	ur rers.
3.	S/o Sh. M.L.Goyal R/o I-14, Gandhi Nagar, New Dispensary, Jaipur, Rajasthan Service- I.A.S. –Secretary PWD GOR Sd/-	I witness the signature of all the subscribers  S/d-  (SHYAMLAL AGARWAL)  S/o Sh. Mohan Lal Agarwal  G-153, Udai Path, Shyam Nagar, Jaipur Service Charted Accountant  M.No. 70899
4.	(Madhukar Gupta) S/o Sh. Harbans Lal Gupta R/o I-29, Gandhi Nagar, Jaipur, Rajasthan Service- I.A.S. – Secretary Transport GOR Sd/- (Sudhansh Pant)	itness the signature of all the subsequence of all the subsequence (SHYAMLAL AGARWAL) S/o Sh. Mohan Lal Agarwal G-153, Udai Path, Shyam Nagar, J Service Charted Accountant M.No. 70899
5.	S/o Sh. Jiwan Chandra Pant C-632, Gandhi Nagar, C-Type quarters, Ward no. 18, Jaipur, Rajasthan Service-I.A.SJDC Sd/-	I witness the   (S)   (S)
6.	(Lalit Mehra) S/o Sh. Chandra Mehra N-11, MLA Flats, Gandhi Nagar, Jaipur, Rajasthan Service- I.A.SCEO-JMC-Jaipur Sd/-	
7.	(Ram Gopal Gupta) S/o Sh. Roshan Lal Gupta R-1/1, Vidhyut Colony, Near Shastri Cricle, Joshpur, Rajasthan Service- I.A.S. – CMD JVVNL	

Dated the 23<sup>rd</sup> day of December, 2009 Place: Jaipur